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U. S. NATIONAL ARBORETUM

SEP 25 1962

Received _____



MT. HOOD FROM FROG LAKE

—Photo by A. Sherwood

*"I will arise and go now, for always night and day
I hear lake water lapping with low sounds by the shore;
While I stand on the roadway, or on the pavements grey,
I hear it in the deep heart's core."*

—The Lake Isle of Innisfree
By William Yeats

SHERWOOD NURSERY CO.

Evergreens - PROPAGATORS AND GROWERS
WHOLESALE

MAILING ADDRESS — CORBETT, OREGON — PHONE FRONTIER 5-2796
NURSERY — GRESHAM, OREGON

Fall 1962

Spring 1963

TERMS AND INFORMATION

THE SHERWOOD NURSERY COMPANY located six miles east of Gresham, Oregon is a leading propagator and grower of conifers and broad leaved evergreens.

TERMS:

1. NET CASH or 25% down, balance C.O.D. except that payment in full prior to shipping required on B&B and Canadian shipments. No order recorded without at least 25% down.
2. Since our business for years has been on an enviable cash basis we are not interested in references. We pass on to our customers in the form of quality stock at low prices the benefits derived from economy of operation.

PRICES and PACKING:

1. Prices, please note are F.O.B. Gresham. We no longer prepay on lining out stock. No packing charge on any stock. We are shipping many small B&B grades bare root thereby cutting down shipping costs. Where this can be done we have so indicated. Our packing method insures the arrival of plants in perfect condition to any place in the United States and Canada.
2. The prices quoted herein will hold only throughout the coming nursery year and supersede all other prices.
3. Prices quoted in the 10, 100, or 1000 apply to one size and one variety only. 5 at 10 rate, 25 at 100 rate, 250 at 1000 rate.
4. We can not send out samples. Single plants may be bought when listed and 25 liners make a fair sampling.

ORDERS:

1. Will be dug and shipped promptly in the order in which they are received and as soon as digging conditions permit.
2. No stock reserved later than April 1.
3. Orders coming in later than April 1 will be shipped as soon as possible.
4. No Canadian shipment for less than \$40.00. Because of added cost Canadian shipments must add 10% to total order.
5. Any order is void should storm, crop failure or other cause result in inability to deliver.

SHIPPING SEASON:

1. About October 1 throughout the fall, winter and spring to about April 15.

RESPONSIBILITY:

1. All stock offered by this company is grown out of doors and in its own fields with the greatest of care and packed in like manner.
2. Sherwood Nursery Co. warrants to the extent of purchase price only that plants are as invoiced. Seller gives no further warranty. For the buyers protection all shipments are insured. Carrier is responsible after acceptance of stock which travels at purchasers risk after being delivered in good condition to carrier.

SHERWOOD NURSERY COMPANY
CORBETT, OREGON

Phone FRontier 5-2796

— GENERAL LIST —

ABELIA (*a-beel'i-ah*)

Abelia (Edward Goucher)

A choice upright abelia similar to grandiflora with foliage of richer coloring especially in the fall when it takes on a lovely bronze cast. The abundant flowers, which cover this hardy evergreen all summer and fall, are deep pink shading to a soft lavender and mingle in perfection with the full fine foliage. Height five to six feet.

	Each	To	100	1000
3- 6 ins. once transp.....	\$.....	\$.....	\$ 14	\$.....
6-12 ins. twice transp.....			20	180
12-18 " " ".....			28	252

Abelia grandiflora (Glossy Abelia)

Foliage glossy green, flowers white with pink blush. A beautiful, hardy evergreen. Splendid for foundation and mass plantings. Blooms all summer and is an attractive shrub both in flower and foliage. After the flowers have fallen the persistent purplish sepals are still attractive.

4- 8 ins. once transp.....			15	
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Abelia grandiflora sherwoodi (Sherwood Dwarf Abelia)

A dwarf abelia, not only the plant but the leaves and the flowers as well being about half the size of grandiflora. Flowers pink and white. Thick-branching and very compact. A choice little plant, especially where space is a factor, supplying a long felt need. Originated by us and has proven a great favorite. Height about 3 feet.

3- 6 ins. once transp.....	.....	.....	14	126
15-18 ins. twice transp.....	B&B 1.25	11.30	102	.....
18-24 " " ".....	B&B 1.65	14.90	134	.....
2- 3 ft. " " ".....	B&B 2.10	18.90	170	.....
3- 4 ft. " " ".....	B&B 2.65	23.90	215	.....

ABIES (FIRS) (*ay'bi-eez*)

Abies balsamea (Balsam Fir)

A conifer of symmetrical pyramidal growth. Has fairly dense foliage of aromatic properties and believed by some to possess medicinal value. Needles short and thick. Hardy to Labrador.

6-12 ins. once transp.....	.....	.....	13	117
12-18 " " ".....	.....	.....	19	171

Abies concolor (White Fir)

A tree of symmetrical growth and beautiful bluish foliage. It has great resistance to heat, cold and drought, and these combined with its beautiful landscape effect make it a truly desirable tree in many locations.

1- 3 ins. not transp.....	.....	.....	6	54
3- 6 " " ".....	.....	.....	7	63
6- 9 " " ".....	.....	.....	10	90
3- 6 ins. once transp.....	.....	.....	9	81
6- 9 " " ".....	.....	.....	12	108
9-12 " " ".....	.....	.....	15	135
12-15 " " ".....	.....	.....	18	162
15-18 " " ".....	.....	.....	21	.....

Abies frazeri (Frazer Fir)

Small growing conifer from the Allegheny Mts. Foliage dark green, shiny and crowded on the branches.

1- 3 ins. not transp.....	.....	.....	6	54
3- 6 " " ".....	.....	.....	7	63
6-12 " " ".....	.....	.....	11	99

Abies grandis (Great Silver Fir)

Native of the Pacific Coast to the Rocky Mts. Needles dark green above, thin and flexible, silvery beneath. Stately growing tree. Hardy.

	Each	10	100	1000
6-12 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	13	117
12-18 " " "	-----	-----	16	144

Abies homolepis (Nikko Fir)

Hardy fir from the mountains of Japan. Medium sized tree with heavy branches. Foliage lustrous, dark green above, silvery white beneath. Much desired ornamental evergreen.

3- 6 ins. once transp.....	9
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Abies lasiocarpa (Alpine Fir)

This sturdy tree bears much the same relation to firs that the Mt. Hemlock does to hemlocks. It is the slender picturesque conifer of the higher elevations being truly a mountain subject. It thrives at the lower levels where it almost seems to bring the mountain atmosphere with it. To the tree lover there is at once an association of mountain meadows, rocks and snow fed streams where it prefers to grow. The dark silvery tinged foliage resembles the Noble Fir though having shorter needles. It has the healthful fragrance of other firs.

3- 6 ins. not transp.....	7	63
6- 9 " " ".....	10	90
3- 6 ins. once transp.....	9	.....

Abies lasiocarpa arizonica (Corkbark Fir)

Similar to the Alpine Fir but very slender and bluish. Unusual. A magnificent bluish green column. Spectacular. Hardy.

3- 6 ins. once transp.....	10	90
6- 9 " " ".....	13	117

Abies magnifica shastensis (Shasta Red Fir)

A stately, symmetrical, bluish green tree of great beauty. Native of the mountains of southern Oregon and northern California where it decorates many a high slope or ridge. Branches horizontal in regular whorls. Needles mostly upright, short, close set.

2- 4 ins. once transp.....	7	63
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Abies nobilis (Noble Fir)

The name noble describes this magnificent tree perfectly. A native of the Coast and Cascade Mts. of western Washington and Oregon where its dignified appearance is set out in striking effect. The branches grow in whorls with great regularity along the main stem of the tree and are broadly spreading toward the tips. The foliage is usually a beautiful bluish green in color. Valuable for landscaping purposes and the production of Christmas trees. Very hardy.

3- 6 ins. once transp.	9	81
6- 9 " " "	12	108
9-12 " " "	15	135
12-15 " " "	18	162
3-15 " " " (field run) 10 cents each 500 to 1000, 7 cents each 1000 to 5000, 6 cents each 5000 to 10,000, 5 cents each 10,000 or over. These are the finest nobles we have ever grown. They average about 9 to 12 inches. Very few go down to 3 inches.		

Abies nordmanniana (Nordmann Fir)

Tough, very hardy fir from the Caucasus mountains. Stately, symmetrical, dark green, lustrous above, silvery beneath. Very desirable.

1- 3 ins, once transp.....	7	63
3- 6 " " ".....	9	81
6- 9 " " ".....	12	108

Abies pinsapo (Spanish Fir)

Stately, unusually symmetrical, dark green, splendid conifer from mountains of Spain. Foliage blunt, short, completely clothing all around the rigid branches. Marvelously beautiful and one of the best of evergreens. Striking, very hardy.

1- 3 ins. not transp.....	6	54
3- 6 " " ".....	7	63

Abies veitchi (Veitch Fir)

Considered one of the most beautiful and charming of all firs. Extremely hardy. Branches slender, needles abundant, crowded, dark shiny green above, silvery beneath. Native from the mountains of Japan.

	Each	10	100	1000
3- 6 ins. once transp.....			9	81
6- 9 " " ".....			12	108
9-12 " " ".....			15	135

Ajuga reptans rubra (Purpleleaf Bugle) (*a-jeu'gah*)

A worthy rock plant and ground cover. Has a rich green, slightly bronzed foliage, which is heavy and cleaves close to the ground. The blue flower spikes are six inches tall, are numerous and appear in the spring. There is the impression of pleasing and perfect harmony between blossoms and foliage. Evergreen.

1 year plants.....			8	72
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Ajuga (Starker Hybrid)

Fine, broad, heavy foliage bronzing in the winter. Blue flower spikes 10 to 12 inches tall. Splendid shade loving ground cover. Much better and more prolific than reptans.

1 year plants.....			9	81
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Andromeda polifolia nana (Dwarf Bog Andromeda) (*an-drom'e-dah*)

Dainty, lovely, miniature evergreen. Likes a peaty soil and a damp condition. Grows about a foot high, leaves slender. Flowers tiny, nodding pink bells on short stalks. Choice and rare. Hardy.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	.....	.....	16	144
3- 6 ins. twice transp.....	.....	.....	24	.....

Andromeda—See Pieris

Arborvitae—See Thuja

DO YOU KNOW?

That all the firs are inhabitants of the northern hemisphere.

ARCTOSTAPHYLOS (MANZANITA) (*ark-toh-staf'-i-los*)

Arctostaphylos cushingiana (Cushing Manzanita)

Rather low growing, many branched shrub good for dry situations.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	.....	.....	12	.....
3- 6 " " ".....	.....	.....	16	.....

Arctostaphylos densiflora (Harmony)

Low spreading evergreen creeper. Pink flowers in profusion.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	.....	.....	12	108
3- 6 " " ".....	.....	.....	16	144
6- 9 " " ".....	.....	.....	22	.....

Arctostaphylos densiflora (H. McMinn)

Many branched, shrubby, low growing, wide spreading evergreen. Grows 2 to 3 feet in height with a spread of twice as much making a fine broad mound. Blooms well and is hardy. Fine for low foundations, terraces and bank covering. One of the best.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	.....	.....	12	108
3- 6 " " ".....	.....	.....	16	144

Arctostaphylos densiflora (James West)

A low spreading shrub which grows 2½ to 3 feet high with a spread of 8 feet or more. Leaves bright green and shiny, flowers rose pink. A superb ground cover, also excellent against low foundations. Hardy.

	Each	10	100	1000
1- 3 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	12	-----

Arctostaphylos densiflora (Point Reyes Kinnikinnick)

A superb fast growing carpet. Leaves very dark green, rich and glossy, abundant. Pink flowers in profusion. Exceedingly lovely.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	12	108
3- 6 " " ".....	16	144

Arctostaphylos densiflora (Sentinel)

Rather compact upright growing shrub to 6 feet with a spread somewhat greater. Fine green leaves, pink flowers, hardy. Branches in a very irregular, interesting manner. A valuable addition to the broad leaf evergreen class.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	12	108
3- 6 " " ".....	16	144

Arctostaphylos hookeri (Hooker Manzanita)

Hardy, broad leaved evergreen. Enjoys dry situations.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	12
3- 6 " " ".....	16

Arctostaphylos uva-ursi (Kinnikinnick)

Sometimes called Bearberry. Uva, Latin for grape, ursi for bear. A lovely low trailing evergreen, flourishing in a wide range of latitude and altitude. In Oregon it is at home from the splash of waves of the Pacific to timberline in the Cascade mountains. Withstands almost any degree of cold. Has large red berries, roundish glossy leaves and grows in thick masses, completely covering the ground, rocks, walls or old logs over which it trails. Exempt from pests, good the year round and in every respect decidedly pleasing and satisfying. Considered by some to be the best ground cover known.

3- 6 ins. once transp.....	16	144
6-12 " " ".....	20	

DO YOU KNOW?

That Kinnikinnick was used for smoking, Squaw Grass for weaving and Labrador Tea for tea by the Indians.

Arctostaphylos uva-ursi (Radiant)

Like Kinnikinnick this is an evergreen creeper. Foliage dense with a bright shining green quality. A delightful ground cover.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	12	108
3- 6 " " ".....	-----	-----	16	144

Asarum caudatum (Western Wild Ginger) (*as' ah-rum*)

Native to the Pacific Northwest. An evergreen ground cover of the first quality. Very lovely. Broad dark green, lustrous leaves. Odd inconspicuous brownish purple flowers hidden under the magnificent foliage. Makes a solid mat six inches deep. Must have shade, dampness and good soil. Considered by us to be the most beautiful and most satisfactory shady ground cover. Hardy. Rare.

1 year plants.....	17	153
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Aucuba japonica (Greenleaf Aucuba) (Pollenizers)

Male plants. Aucubas never bear berries unless pollenizers are planted with them. The large red berries are one of the attractive features of Aucubas and it is therefore essential to plant the pollenizers. The foliage is fine solid deep green. Shade loving evergreen. These will pollinize any variety.

3- 6 ins. once transp.		15
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Aucuba japonica maculata

Similar to Golddust Aucuba but having much more gold in the foliage. Leaves have very large irregular blotches mingled with a finer stippling. A handsome variety.

	Each	10	100	1000
1- 3 ins. once transp.....			11	.....
3- 6 " " " ".....			15	135
6- 9 " " " ".....			19	.....

AZALEAS (*ah-zay'le-ah*)

Azalea amoena coccinea

A splendid dwarf evergreen azalea. Foliage tiny, dark, glossy, compact. Flowers bright red completely covering the plant. A wonderful addition to our broad leaf evergreens. Hardy.

3- 6 ins. twice transp.....	.....	.....	18	.....
6- 9 " " " ".....	.....	.....	24	216
6- 9 ins. twice transp. specimens.....	.....	5.40	49	.....
3 foot spread superlative aged specimens.....B&B	7.50	67.50	608	.....

Azalea hexe

Dwarf and compact. Foliage heavy, glossy, dark green. Flowers bright red, large, open, completely covering the plant. Hardy. Extremely showy. A fine evergreen.

6- 9 ins. twice transp. specimens.....		5.40	49	
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Azalea ledifolia alba

Lovely, graceful, low evergreen reaching a height of 3 to 4 feet with a spread of 5 to 6 feet, usually smaller. Soft foliage. Large, spectacular flowers of the purest white, abundant. Hardy.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	.....	.....	12	108
3- 6 " " " ".....	.....	.....	16	144

Azalea macrantha

Compact, low growing with dark evergreen foliage. A very profuse blossomer. Late season blooming. Flowers red salmon.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	.....	.....	12	108
3- 6 " " " ".....	.....	.....	16	.....
1- 3 ins. twice transp.....	.....	.....	14	126
3- 6 " " " ".....	.....	.....	18	162

Sherwood Orchid Azaleas in front of President's home, Linfield College.



Azalea maxwelli (Maxwell Azalea)

Foliage heavy and luxuriant. Plant rather low growing and spreading. Flowers extremely large, carmine red, completely covering the plant. One of the finest of all azaleas. Maxwell Azalea, because of its superb habit of growth, splendid foliage and gorgeous display of blooms, undoubtedly ranks in a class by itself among lovely evergreens.

	Each	10	100	1000
1- 3 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	12	108
3- 6 " " ".....	-----	-----	16	144
6- 9 ins. twice transp.....	-----	-----	24	-----
9-12 ins. twice transp. specimens.....B&B	1.00	9.00	-----	-----
12-15 " " " " ".....B&B	1.25	11.30	-----	-----
3- 4 foot spread superlative aged specimens.....B&B	10.00	90.00	810	-----

Azalea mollis (Chinese Azalea)

Very hardy. Blooms before leafing. Foliage bright green and attractive, turning to gorgeous shades of bronze and red in the fall. Flowers are large and borne in great profusion. It has an irresistible appeal and is a great favorite to all who know it. Its plantings cannot be overdone. We are offering choice plants chiefly in the popular shades of salmon and orange.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	11	99
3- 6 " " ".....	-----	-----	14	126
6- 9 ins. twice transp. budded.....	-----	5.40	49	-----
9-12 " " " " ".....	-----	6.80	61	-----
12-15 " " " " ".....B&B	1.00	9.00	81	-----
15-18 " " " " ".....B&B	1.25	11.30	102	-----

Deduct 10 cents per plant 12-15 and 15-18 if BR.

DO YOU KNOW?

That the Sugar Pine has cones as much as two feet long.

Azalea rosaflorea

Low growing seldom reaching a height of more than eight inches. Tiny evergreen leaves on many short branchlets giving the entire plant the appearance of a low growing mound. Flowers abundant, China rose, looking for all the world like miniature rose buds. Hardy, very rare, petite, dainty.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	12	108
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Azalea schlippenbachi (Royal Azalea)

Slow growing. Has broad, green foliage, especially attractive in the bronze shade of the new growth. Flowers are varying shades of pink and are immense in size, being 3 inches across. Thrives best in partial shade, and for this reason fills a need among deciduous azaleas.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	12	108
3- 6 " " ".....	-----	-----	16	144

SHERWOOD AZALEAS
(Originated and introduced by Sherwood Nursery Co.)

Sherwood Cerise Azalea

A wonderful dwarf evergreen. Hardy and compact. Foliage dense, dark green. Flowers bright clear cerise, very lovely and borne in marvelous profusion completely covering the plant. Many consider this the best azalea we grow. Sherwood Cerise Azalea is brilliantly lovely. It has a great future. We have never been able to keep up with the demand.

6- 9 ins. twice transp.....	-----	-----	24	-----
6- 9 ins. twice transp. specimens.....	-----	5.40	49	-----
9-12 " " " " ".....B&B	1.00	9.00	-----	-----

Deduct 10 cents per plant 9-12 if BR.

3- 4 foot spread superlative aged specimens.....B&B	10.00	90.00	810	-----
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Sherwood Orchid Azalea

This is a hybrid hinodegiri and our own introduction. We have been growing it for several years in our nursery where it has attracted much attention. Foliage about the size of the Hinodegiri Azalea but the plant is hardier. Flowers are a clear lavender with speckled throat, completely cover the plant and are large for a dwarf azalea. This evergreen fills a need which has not been met by any other azalea. Although showy it harmonizes with other colors in the garden. Mass plantings in gardens or on slopes and terraces are unexcelled. It has proved itself to be the hardiest evergreen azalea that we grow.

	Each	10	100	1000
1- 3 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	12	108
3- 6 " " " ".....	-----	-----	16	144
15-18 ins. twice transp..... B&B	1.65	14.90	134	-----
18-24 " " " "..... B&B	2.10	18.90	170	-----
24-30 " " " "..... B&B	2.65	23.90	215	-----
3- 4 ft. spread superlative aged specimens..... B&B	10.00	90.00	810	-----

Sherwood Red Azalea

A magnificent azalea. Compact, dwarf, and evergreen. Foliage so glossy it shines, bright green turning in cold weather to fiery red. Better foliage than *Azalea hinodegiri* from which it was hybridized. Flowers in such abundance that the foliage is almost entirely hidden and of the most brilliant blood red imaginable, brighter by far than *Azalea hinodegiri*. Hardy. Words utterly fail to describe Sherwood Red Azalea. We consider it the finest dwarf red azalea ever offered the nursery trade. It has everything: hardiness, clean habit of growth, easy culture, splendid foliage and almost unbelievable showiness of inflorescence.

1- 3	ins. once transp.	-----	-----	12	108
3- 6	" " "	-----	-----	16	144
6- 9	ins. twice transp. specimens	-----	5.40	49	-----
9-12	" " " " " B&B	1.00	9.00	81	-----
Deduct 10 cents per plant 9-12 if BR.					
3- 4	foot spread superlative aged specimens B&B	10.00	90.00	810	-----

Barberry—See Berberis

Bearberry—See Arctostaphylos

DO YOU KNOW?

That Oregon Grape (*Mahonia aquifolium*) sometimes reaches a height of 15 feet.

BERBERIS (BARBERRIES) (*bur' ber-is*)

Berberis buxifolia nana (Dwarf Magellan Barberry)

Often called Dwarf Box Barberry. Foliage deep green, compact. Hardy evergreen with orange flowers. One of the best low hedge and border plants. Height about two feet.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	13	-----
3- 6 " " "	-----	-----	17	-----

Berberis chenaulti (Chenault Barberry)

Similar to verruculosa but somewhat more open growing. Leaves small, dark, rich, glossy green. Flowers orange yellow. Height about five feet. Hardy.

3- 6 ins. once transp.....	17	153
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Berberis darwini (Darwin Barberry)

A native of South America from Chile to Patagonia. Evergreen, reaching a height of about five feet. Foliage is deep green, glossy, and compact, and the small, neat leaves are serrated and holly like. In early spring the plant is a gorgeous mass of tiny, bright, orange colored flowers. Very decorative.

18-24 ins. twice transp.....	33	297
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Berberis julianae (Wintergreen Barberry)

One of the best upright barberries. The leaves are large, foliage heavy and the thorns which are long and sharp are well hidden by the foliage. Some of the leaves remain green through the winter, others turn brilliant scarlet and are mingled among the green leaves in the fall and winter in a most showy and attractive manner. Hardy. Height about six feet.

	Each	10	100	1000
12-18 ins. twice transp. hedge grade.....	-----	5.40	49	-----
18-24 " " " ""	-----	8.10	73	-----
15-18 ins. twice transp. specimens.....B&B	1.25	11.30	102	
18-24 " " " "B&B	1.65	14.90	134	
24-30 " " " "B&B	2.10	18.90	170	-----

Berberis stenophylla irwini (Irwin Barberry)

A low growing, well formed and gracefully spreading evergreen shrub. Height three feet. Has small, slender, three pronged holly like leaves which are deep green and glossy. Abundant yellow flowers. Very hardy and one of the best of the dwarf barberries.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	13	117
3- 6 " " ".....	17	153

Berberis triacanthophora (Three Spined Barberry)

Evergreen shrub growing to about five feet in height. Branches slender, gracefully arching. Leaves rather long and narrow. Flowers yellow. Hardy.

6-12 ins. twice transp.....	-----	-----	22	198
12-18 " " " ".....	-----	-----	27	243
15-18 ins. twice transp.....	B&B	1.25 11.30	102	-----
18-24 " " " ".....	B&B	1.65 14.90	134	-----

Boxwood—See Buxus

Broom—See Cytisus

Bugle—See Ajuga

One section of our high shade.



BUXUS (BOX) (buk' sus)

Buxus sempervirens arborescens (Truetree Box)

Small, deep green, glossy foliage. Rather rapid growing. An excellent well known hedge plant. Also often used for topiary work. Evergreen to six feet or more. Stands shearing well.

	Each	10	100	1000
1- 3 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	11	99
3- 6 " " " ".....	-----	-----	15	135
6- 9 " " " ".....	-----	-----	19	-----
3- 6 ins. twice transp.....	-----	-----	17	153
6- 9 " " " ".....	-----	-----	21	189

Buxus sempervirens aureo-variegata (Golden Box)

A bright, cheerful little dwarf with beautiful golden, variegated foliage. Hardy of slow compact growth, thriving best in shaded locations in which situation the golden variegation becomes most pronounced. Has a lovely and interesting habit of sending out several slender waving branches beyond the main body of the plant. One of our bright enchanting broad leaved evergreens.

3- 6 ins. twice transp.....	-----	-----	17	-----
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Buxus sempervirens rotundiflora (Roundleaf Box)

An upright growing box with rather large, deep green leaves. Excellent hedge subject. A superior variety. Can easily be pruned into a slender column.

3- 6 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	15	135
6- 9 " " " ".....	-----	-----	19	171

Buxus sempervirens suffruticosa (Truedwarf Box)

Dwarf, slow growing. Foliage fine, deep green, dense. The well known evergreen edging plant. One of the best of all plants for formal borders.

2- 4 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	12	108
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Buxus sempervirens suff. albo-marginata (Silveredge Dwarf Box)

A true dwarf box, hardy, compact, symmetrical. Presents a pleasing silvery appearance. Enchanting.

2- 4 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	12	108
9-12 ins. twice transp.....	B&B 1.00	9.00	81	-----
12-15 " " " ".....	B&B 1.25	11.30	102	-----

CALLUNAS (HEATHERS) (kah-leu' nah)

We find it very difficult to even begin to describe the softness, gentleness, dignity, the profound and elaborate beauty or striking unusualness of these improved Callunas and with them the Ericas. The Callunas will stand quite severe cold weather.

Calluna vulgaris aurea (Golden Heather)

Possesses fine golden foliage that heads up in many of the stems in moss like clusters. During the fall and winter the foliage takes on beautiful tinges of red which are intermingled with green and gold. The multitude of flowers are in soft pleasing lavender shades. These blend with the green and gold of the foliage in producing one of nature's daintiest and most charming color effects. Appeals to all who see it. Hardy, new. Height about 18 inches.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	11	99
3- 6 " " " ".....	-----	-----	15	135
6- 9 " " " ".....	-----	-----	19	171
12-15 ins. twice transp.....	B&B 1.00	9.00	-----	-----
15-18 " " " ".....	B&B 1.25	11.30	-----	-----
18-24 " " " ".....	B&B 1.65	14.90	-----	-----

Calluna vulgaris (Else Frye)

Bright green and vivid. Made up of many tiny vertical ascending branches. White flowers in August and September.

	Each	10	100	1000
1- 3 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	11	99
3- 6 " " " ".....	-----	-----	15	135
3- 6 ins. twice transp.....	-----	-----	17	153
6- 9 " " " ".....	-----	-----	21	189
9-12 " " " ".....	-----	-----	25	225

Calluna vulgaris (Johnson)

Dense growing and upright branches making a thick plant about 2 feet high. One of the taller growing varieties. Also it is late blooming with lavender flowers in August and September. A nice hardy variation.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	11	99
3- 6 " " " ".....	-----	-----	15	135

Calluna vulgaris (Mrs. H. E. Beale)

An exquisite form with many upright waving and irregular ascending branches. 18 to 24 inches in height. Pink flowers in glorious contrast to silvery buds which give one the feeling that they are luminous in moonlight. Hardy, of course, and a profuse bloomer like most of the Callunas. Blooms in July and August.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	11	-----
3- 6 " " " ".....	-----	-----	15	-----
3- 6 ins. twice transp.....	-----	-----	17	-----
6- 9 " " " ".....	-----	-----	21	-----
9-12 " " " ".....	-----	-----	25	225
12-15 " " " ".....	-----	-----	29	261

Calluna vulgaris (Mrs. J. H. Hamilton)

Thick growing mound like heather to 18 inches, is simply covered in July and August with a whole host of tiny double claret flowers. Hardy and very attractive.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	11	99
3- 6 ins. twice transp.....	-----	-----	17	-----
6- 9 " " " ".....	-----	-----	21	-----

Calluna vulgaris (Mrs. Pat)

Decidedly unique and extraordinary is this most unusual of low heathers. The growing tips are always a bright array of deep peach pink. Always has the appearance of being in bloom.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	11	-----
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Calluna vulgaris (Mrs. R. H. Gray)

A low forming mound like evergreen with many matted arching and pendulous branches. Striking and unusual. Silvery buds opening to lavender pink flowers in August and September. Excellent for rock work and small planters. A dainty touch where used.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	11	-----
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Calluna vulgaris rubra (Red Heather)

The Red Heather has become one of the popular garden evergreens. When in bloom there is nothing visible but the blossoms, which are a rich, purplish-red. It is a brilliant display of flowering beauty in mid-summer. Hardy, and grows about 18 inches tall. Its blossoms are especially welcome coming at a season when there is but little competition in blossoming shrubs.

3- 6 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	15	-----
6- 9 " " " ".....	-----	-----	19	-----
15-18 ins. twice transp.....	B&B 1.25	11.30	102	-----
18-24 " " " ".....	B&B 1.65	14.90	134	-----

Calluna vulgaris (Tib)

A plant made up of many tiny slender upright branches. Dense, dark green, double rosy purple flowers in July and August. Hardy.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	11	-----
3- 6 " " " ".....	-----	-----	15	-----
6- 9 ins. twice transp.....	-----	-----	21	189
9-12 " " " ".....	-----	-----	25	225

(*kah-mel' i-ah*)

Camellia japonica (Cheerful)

The camellia holds a place right up in the front ranks among flowering shrubs. The superb, waxy, rose like flowers are loved by everyone, are fine when on the plant or as cut flowers. Leaves are large and their burnished waxy surface make just the right setting for the wax-like flowers which are alluring, double, perfectly shaped in bright red. A favorite.

	Each	10	100	1000
15-18 ins. twice transp.....B&B	1.65	14.90	134	-----
18-24 " " ".....B&B	2.10	18.90	170	-----
9 ft. superlative aged specimens.....B&B	20.00	180.00	-----	-----

Camellia japonica (Fanny Bolis)

A truly fine camellia. Foliage large, rich green, glossy. Plant semi dwarf, hardy, a good grower. Flowers large, semi double petals red irregularly splotched white, with a yellow stamen filled center. One of the best.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	15	135
3- 6 " " "	20	180
6- 9 " " "	26	

Camellia japonica (Pink Perfection)

Well known and deservedly popular evergreen with glossy, deep green foliage and waxy flowers. This camellia has double, perfect, clear pink flowers.

6 ft. superlative aged specimens.....	B&B	15.00	135.00		
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Cedar—See Cedrus, Libocedrus, Juniperus

Cedrus atlantica (Atlas Cedar) (*see' drus*)

A hardy tree with dark green foliage and rugged picturesque habit of growth. Thrives under adverse conditions.

12-18	ins. twice transp. (heavy)	-----	-----	26	-----
18-24	" " " "	-----	-----	30	-----

Cedrus deodara (Deodar Cedar)

The Deodar Cedar grows into a fountain of green of surpassing beauty. The color is a light bluish green. With a little pruning and shearing the foliage becomes very dense and graceful. It is a native of the Himalaya mountains in India where it has been fittingly termed "Tree of the Gods."

1- 3	ins. once transp.	-----	-----	9	81
3- 6	" " "	-----	-----	12	108
6- 9	" " "	-----	-----	16	144
9-12	" " "	-----	-----	20	180
12-15	" " "	-----	-----	24	216
15-18	" " "	-----	-----	28	

Cephalotaxus harringtonia (Plum Yew) (*sef-ah-loh-tak'-sus*)

Spreading, vase shaped, dwarf conifer. Foliage coarse, needle like. Unusual and rare. A very hardy plant which gives a fine variation of form and texture to a planting.

A very hardy plant which gives a fine variation of form and texture to a planting.

1- 3 ins. once transp.	13	117
3- 6 " " "	17	153

Cephalotaxus harringtonia fastigiata (Column Plum Yew)

Yew like tree or shrub grown for its handsome evergreen foliage. Fastigiata is a remarkable form of Chinese or Japanese origin. Columnar habit with upright branches and spirally arranged leaves. Foliage dark green, attractive. In the north it is hardy only in a sheltered position. Very rare. Choice.

3- 6 ins. once transp.	-----	-----	17	153
6- 9 " " "	-----	-----	21	189
9-12 " " "	-----	-----	25	225
12-15 " " "	-----	-----	29	-----
12-15 ins. twice transp.	B&B	1.25 11.30	102	-----
15-18 " " "	B&B	1.65 14.90	134	-----
18-24 " " "	B&B	2.10 18.90	170	-----
24-30 " " "	B&B	2.65 23.90	-----	-----

CHAMAECYPARIS

(kam-e-sip' ah-ris)

Chamaecyparis lawsoniana minima glauca

(Little Blue Cypress)

A beautiful true dwarf conifer, dark and dense, bluish green foliage, erect and slow growing. Rounded pyramid in shape, the foliage lying on the tree in solid vertical layers. There is a big demand for these genuine dwarfs. Plants 20 years of age are only 30 inches high and 24 inches in diameter. An elite and captivating, hardy, unusual midget.

	Each	10	100	1000
6- 9 ins. twice transp.				
B&B	1.00	9.00	81	-----
9-12 ins. twice transp.				
B&B	1.25	11.30	102	-----
12-15 ins. twice transp.				
B&B	1.65	14.90	134	-----
18-24 ins. superlative aged specimen				
B&B	5.00	45.00	-----	-----

Deduct 10 cents per plant 6-9 if BR.

Chamaecyparis lawsoniana taranthesis

A fine new form. Upright cone with spreading branches. Foliage dark green, twisted, contorted. Interesting and rare.

18-24 ins. twice transp.	B&B	2.10	18.90	-----	-----
24-30 " " " "	B&B	2.65	23.90	-----	-----
30-36 " " " "	B&B	3.35	30.20	-----	-----

Little Blue Cypress holds a rightful place among dwarfs.



Dwarf Golden Thread Cypress (heavy type).
A most elegant evergreen for low plantings.

Chamaecyparis lawsoniana wisseli (Wissel Cypress)

Has dark bluish green foliage, growing in twisted tufts or whorls and of upright growth. One of the many beautiful forms of the Lawson Cypress.

1- 3 ins. once transp.	-----	14	-----
3- 6 ins. once transp.	-----	18	-----

Chamaecyparis nootkatensis glauca compacta

(Compact Blue Alaska Cypress)

A dwarf form of the lovely Alaska Cypress noted for its beauty and great hardiness. Has compact, dense and charmingly blue green foliage. Its beautiful shapely habit of growth somewhat resembling Berkman's Golden Arborvitae meets to perfection the landscaping needs for low rambling types of architecture. Holds its form and beauty in a way superior to most trees.

6- 9 ins. twice transp.	-----	20	-----
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Chamaecyparis obtusa (Hinoki Cypress)

Of heavy, rich, deep green, compact foliage, lustrous and exceptionally pleasing, having no superior in these respects. It is graceful in growth and semi dwarf. Many consider the obtusa as having the finest green foliage among conifers.

	Each	10	100	1000
1- 3 ins. once transp.....			14	126
3- 6 " " "			18	

Chamaecyparis obtusa aurea (Golden Hinoki Cypress)

The magnificent golden form of the Hinoki Cypress, having heavy, rich, deep golden foliage, lustrous and exceptionally pleasing, without a superior in these respects. It is graceful and semi dwarf.

1- 3	ins. once transp.	15	
3- 6	" " "	20	180
6- 9	" " "	26	

Chamaecyparis obtusa nana (Dwarf Hinoki Cypress)

A real genuine dwarf having heavy, dark layered foliage of the richest green imaginable unchanging throughout the year. It makes an irregular, upright, fantastically beautiful pyramid "bonsai" in appearance. Twenty year old trees are about 2 feet in height. Decidedly out of the ordinary. Hardy.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	16	144
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Chamaecyparis obtusa torulosa

A dwarf evergreen with dark vivid green foliage. An exquisite irregular pyramid in form. Rather compact, yet very graceful. A great favorite in our nursery and with few if any superiors in its class. Could be used effectively in almost any place where a dwarf conifer is desired. Branchlets twisted and filamentous. Rare.

1- 3	ins. once transp.....	15	
3- 6	" " ".....	20	180
6- 9	" " ".....	26	234
9-12	" " ".....	32	

DO YOU KNOW?

That Incense Cedar is not a cedar, neither is Port Orford Cedar or Alaska Cedar.

Chamaecyparis pisifera compacta nana

A real genuine dwarf having exceedingly dense, heavy, dark foliage with a slightly bluish tinge unchanging throughout the year. It makes an almost perfect globe. Twenty year old trees are about two feet in diameter. Decidedly out of the ordinary. Very hardy. We are not positive of the name. Almost unknown. A little gem.

3- 5 ins. twice transp.....				23	207
6- 9 " " ".....	B&B	1.00	9.00	81	
9-12 " " ".....	B&B	1.25	11.30	102	
12-15 " " ".....	B&B	1.65	14.90	134	

Deduct 10 cents per plant 6-9 if BR.

Chamaecyparis pisifera cyano viridis

Exquisite, silvery blue, dwarf evergreen with lovely plume like foliage. Habit is irregular rounded cone. Dwarf conifer which gives an aristocratic touch to almost any planting. Very hardy, rare, beautiful in form, texture and color.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	14	126
3- 6 " " " ".....	18	162

Chamaecyparis pisifera filifera (Thread Cypress)

A graceful and attractive tree, crowned and covered with slender pendulous branches and strands of thick, dark green foliage. Rather a dwarf tree of much ornamental value. Trees may be planted singly. Thread Cypress also makes a hedge of unusual merit.

6- 9 ins. twice transp.....	-----	-----	22	198
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Cham. p. fil. nana aurea (Dwarf Golden Thread Cypress)

Dwarf growing evergreen making a compact mass of bright golden pendulous filaments.

	Each	10	100	1000
6-9 ins. twice transp. specimens.....	-----	5.90	53	-----
9-12 ins. twice transp.....B&B	1.25	11.30	102	-----
12-15 " " " ".....B&B	1.65	14.90	-----	-----

Chamaecyparis pisifera filifera nana aurea (Dwarf Golden Thread Cypress)
(Heavy Type)

Dwarf evergreen growing into a compact mass of velvety, dark golden, pendulous filaments. A remarkable irregular cone shaped conifer that adds a touch of cheer and brightness wherever used. Withstands full sun without burning. A rare type of the true dwarfs. Hardy. A most satisfactory gem for planters and low foundations. It superbly ranks in a class by itself, aristocratic in every detail.

12-15 ins. thrice transp.....B&B	1.65	14.90	134	-----
15-18 " " " ".....B&B	2.10	18.90	170	-----
18-24 " " " ".....B&B	2.65	23.90	215	-----
24-30 " " " ".....B&B	3.35	30.20	272	-----
30-36 " " " ".....B&B	4.25	38.30	345	-----

Chamaecyparis pisifera plumosa aurea (Golden Plume Retinospora)

Dense plume like foliage, excellent for formal plantings and topiary work.

3-6 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	16	-----
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COTONEASTERS (*koh-toh'-ne-as-ter*)**Cotoneaster adpressa** (Creeping Cotoneaster)

A native of western China and hardy into New England. Has fine, small, glossy evergreen foliage and red berries. Grows to a height of 6 inches tapering out of the branches in beautiful symmetry with a spread of 3 feet or more. There may be no better prostrate cotoneaster than adpressa.

1-3 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	11	-----
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Cotoneaster apiculata (Cranberry Cotoneaster)

One of the finest semi prostrate deciduous cotoneasters. Similar, but far superior to *C. horizontalis* in foliage and shape. Huge conspicuous brilliant red berries like cranberries make this graceful shrub very decorative during the winter months.

1-3 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	11	99
3-6 " " " ".....	-----	-----	15	135

Cotoneaster congesta (Pyrenees Cotoneaster)

A low growing prostrate type, very densely branched, and very flat growing. Reaches a height of only 4 to 6 inches, and spreads by rooting along the stems. Probably covers the ground more completely than any other cotoneaster, making it very desirable. The berries are bright red and are borne in abundance.

12-18 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	23	207
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Cotoneaster dammeri (Bearberry Cotoneaster)

A small evergreen creeper. Bears red berries in profusion. Never grows more than 6 inches tall. Fine rockery plant and good for ground covers. It also makes a wonderful wall covering when planted at the top of the wall and allowed to drape downwards. It is one of those delightful trailers, the old name humifusa signifying "sprawling on the ground." A native of China.

1-3 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	11	-----
3-6 " " " ".....	-----	-----	15	135
6-12 " " " ".....	-----	-----	19	-----

Cotoneaster frigida (Himalayan Cotoneaster)

Fine, hardy evergreen growing to 20 feet and bearing an enormous display of large clusters of scarlet berries all along the stems. Beautiful in flowers and fruit. The berry laden stems, which gracefully arch downward with the weight of fruit, make fine Christmas decorative material.

2-3 ft. once transp.....	-----	-----	30	-----
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Cotoneaster horizontalis (Rock Cotoneaster)

Well known and deservedly a great favorite, low growing. The side branches grow with a pleasing perfection of regularity, the leaves are small and the foliage is a good, dark green. Bears masses of red berries in the fall that are carried well into the winter. Hardy. Deciduous.

	Each	10	100	1000
3- 6 ins. not transp.....	-----	-----	13	117
6-12 " " " ".....	-----	-----	17	153
12-18 " " " ".....	-----	-----	21	189

Cotoneaster lowfast

A very rapid growing evergreen creeper. Does not grow more than 6 inches high, makes a matted ground cover. Glossy, dark green foliage, red berries similar in almost every way to Cotoneaster dammeri but it covers the ground about three times faster. A good subject for draping over walls. Hardy. As the name indicates, low growing and fast.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	11	99
3- 6 " " " ".....	-----	-----	15	135
6-12 " " " ".....	-----	-----	19	171

Cotoneaster microphylla glacialis (Also known as congesta)

A low-growing prostrate type, very densely branched, and very flat growing. Reaches a height of only 4 to 6 inches, and spreads by rooting along the stems. Probably covers the ground more completely than any other Cotoneaster, making it very desirable. The berries are bright red and are borne in abundance.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	11	99
3- 6 " " " ".....	-----	-----	15	135

Cotoneaster microphylla minor (Dwarf Rockspray Cotoneaster)

A delightful little dwarf. Dainty, deep green, glossy leaves, red berries. A ground cover of first rank. Hardy, free from disease.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	11	99
3- 6 " " " ".....	-----	-----	15	135
6-12 " " " ".....	-----	-----	19	-----

DO YOU KNOW?

That there are more than 25 species of Castanopsis, that the Western Chinquapin, only member of the group in North America, has been known to reach a height of 150 feet and a diameter of 10 feet.

Cotoneaster microphylla thymifolia (Thyme Rockspray Cotoneaster)

A desirable, low, thick-growing dwarf. The foliage is thyme-like, small and dainty. Bears red berries and is evergreen. Particularly desirable for rock work or other plantings where small shrubs are required.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	11	99
3- 6 " " " ".....	-----	-----	15	135
6- 9 " " " ".....	-----	-----	19	-----

Cotoneaster salicifolia (Willowleaf Cotoneaster)

Graceful evergreen, similar to Cotoneaster francheti, and bearing clusters of red berries. It is an exceedingly graceful form, which taken with the slender willow like leaves, makes it very attractive. Upright. Native of western China.

6-12 ins. twice transp.....	-----	-----	21	-----
12-18 " " " ".....	-----	-----	23	-----

CRYPTOMERIAS (krip-toh-mee' ri-ah)

Cryptomeria japonica elegans compacta (Compact Plume Cryptomeria)

A green cone shaped tree, of unusually compact growth and soft, pleasing effect. Unlike elegans, it is more of a dwarf, 20 year old trees being 6 feet tall. It is symmetrical and dense with little or no pruning. Bronzes slightly in the fall. Garden variety of japonica elegans, a most delightful garden ornamental.

15-18 ins. twice transp.....	B&B	1.65	14.90	-----	-----
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Cryptomeria japonica lobbi (Lobb Cryptomeria)

An upright shapely dwarf conifer growing to a few feet in height. Branchlets densely clothed with stiff, rigid, heavy, dark green foliage. Hardy and rare. Trees 20 years old are only 4 feet high. Very attractive.

	Each	10	100	1000
3- 6 ins. twice transp.....	-----	-----	19	171
6- 9 " " " ".....	-----	-----	23	207
12-15 ins. twice transp.....B&B	1.65	14.90	-----	-----
15-18 " " " ".....B&B	2.10	18.90	170	-----
18-24 " " " ".....B&B	2.65	23.90	-----	-----

Cryptomeria japonica lobbi nana (Dwarf Lobb Cryptomeria)

Dwarf, very compact, rounded, conifer. Bright green during growing season turning to rich plum color with the coming of winter. Seven year old plants are only 12 inches high. Ideal for planter boxes, rockeries and any other situation where dwarf evergreens are needed. Hardy. Very rare. Not positive of the name. As with several other dwarf evergreens this exceedingly interesting tree has a great future.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	14	126
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Cryptomeria japonica nana (Dwarf Cryptomeria)

Light green, hardy, very compact globe, extremely dwarf. Twenty year old trees are only 2 feet in height. Rare. Valuable for low plantings and planters. Gives a bright cheerful atmosphere to an area.

9-12 ins. twice transp.....B&B	1.25	11.30	102	-----
12-15 " " " ".....B&B	1.65	14.90	134	-----
15-18 " " " ".....B&B	2.10	18.90	170	-----
18-24 " " " ".....B&B	2.65	23.90	-----	-----

Cypress—See Chamaecyparis

CYTISUS (BROOMS) (*sit' i-sus*)

Cytisus kewensis (Kew Broom)

Dwarf creeper, making trailing masses 4 to 5 feet across and 1 to 2 feet high. Bears a profusion of creamy white flowers. Hardy and rare.

6-12 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	22	-----
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Cytisus praecox (Warminster Broom)

Sometimes called Moonlight broom. A multitude of slender pendulous, filament like branches. Hardy, evergreen shrub. Flowers rich cream in color, completely covering the branches. A most pleasing and attractive shrub. Begins flowering at an early age. Of garden origin. Height five to six feet.

6-12 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	16	144
12-18 " " " ".....	-----	-----	20	-----
12-18 ins. twice transp.....	-----	-----	22	-----

Cytisus purgens (Provence Broom)

Hardy, dwarf, evergreen broom reaching four feet in height. Grows into a beautiful compact globe without pruning. Flowers brilliant yellow in great profusion completely covering the plant. Rare.

6-12 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	16	-----
12-18 " " " ".....	-----	-----	20	180
6-12 ins. twice transp.....	-----	-----	18	-----
12-15 ins. twice transp.....B&B	1.00	9.00	-----	-----
15-18 " " " ".....B&B	1.25	11.30	102	-----
18-24 " " " ".....B&B	1.65	14.90	134	-----
24-30 " " " ".....B&B	2.10	18.90	170	-----
30-36 " " " ".....B&B	2.65	23.90	215	-----

Cytisus scoparius (Borsch's Prostrate Broom)

Grows about three feet tall with a spread of six to eight feet making it very desirable for large bank plantings. Foliage is dense. Flowers are of tri color effect in blending of bright garnet red, rose and ivory. The color effect at a distance is rose flecked with garnet. A most profuse bloomer and unexcelled in its class. Hardy.

6-12 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	18	162
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Daboecia polifolia alba (White Irish Bell Heather) (*dab-e'-shi-a*)

Similar to the rosea, but having nodding flowers of purest white, resembling Lily of the Valley in form and size. Has bright green foliage. Height 24 inches, spread 4 feet. Beautiful hardy evergreen.

	Each	10	100	1000
1- 3 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	11	99
3- 6 " " ".....	-----	-----	15	135
6- 9 " " ".....	-----	-----	19	-----

Daboecia polifolia rosea (Pink Irish Bell Heather)

A splendid dwarf evergreen growing 2 feet high. Foliage fine, dark green above, silvery beneath. The flowers are abundant, rosy lavender, and resemble little bells nodding from the tips of slender, erect stems. It is one of the few dwarf shrubs which starts blooming in spring and continues in bloom until cold weather. Very desirable for borders, rockeries and masses. Hardy.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	11	99
3- 6 " " ".....	-----	-----	15	135
6- 9 " " ".....	-----	-----	19	171

DO YOU KNOW?

That the main difference between *Cytisus* and *Genista* is the manner in which seeds are attached to the pods.

DAPHNES (*da'f' ne*)**Daphne cneorum** (Rose Daphne)

Probably the most delightfully fragrant of all flowering evergreens. Blooms in the spring and again in the fall. The flowers which are pink appear in great profusion. The plant is dwarf and well adapted to rockery, border and other plantings. A hardy little dwarf of superior merit.

1- 3 ins. twice transp.....	-----	-----	13	-----
3- 6 " " ".....	-----	-----	17	-----
6- 9 " " ".....	-----	-----	21	-----
9-12 " " ".....	-----	-----	25	-----

Daphne mezereum alba (White February Daphne)

A stout branched shrub to four feet. The pure white, delightfully fragrant flowers appear before the leaves in profusion all along the stems. In midsummer these are followed by attractive yellow berries. Hardy. Lovely and rare.

3- 6 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	17	-----
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Daphne mezereum rubra (Red February Daphne)

An erect shrub with stout branches and growing to a height of four feet. The lilac purple flowers like several other daphnes are delightfully fragrant. They appear very early in the season long before the leaves and cover the bare straight stems followed in late summer and fall by masses of brilliant showy red berries. Hardy.

1- 3 ins. not transp.....	-----	-----	11	99
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ERICAS (HEATHS) (*er' i-kah*)**Erica arborea alpina** (Alpine Tree Heath)

An upright growing heath composed of dense, vertical, plume like branches. Color is bright vivid green. Flowers white.

9-12 ins. twice transp.....	-----	-----	25	-----
12-15 " " ".....	-----	-----	29	-----

Erica carnea (King George)

The red carnea. Grows six inches high with a spread of two to three feet. Foliage thick dark green, flowers bright red and completely cover the plant when in bloom in the spring. New introduction from England. One of the showiest and one of the prettiest of dwarf heaths.

	Each	10	100	1000
1- 3 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	11	99
3- 6 ins. twice transp.....	-----	-----	17	-----
6- 9 " " " ".....	-----	-----	21	-----

Erica carnea (Ruby Glow)

Splendid, dense, carpet like evergreen growing about 8 inches in height. Spreads 2 to 3 feet. Dark green needle like foliage. Flowers bright red like a thousand little rubies completely covering the plant in February and March. Hardy.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	11	99
3- 6 " " " ".....	-----	-----	15	-----
3- 6 ins. twice transp.....	-----	-----	17	-----
6- 9 " " " ".....	-----	-----	21	-----

Erica carnea (Sherwood Creeping Heath)

Low growing heath with brilliantly green foliage. Blooms very profusely in late winter and spring. Flowers bright carmine red. Perfectly hardy. Splendid new evergreen. Height six inches. Has the habit of rooting along the stems thereby spreading almost indefinitely in a very satisfactory manner. An extraordinarily beautiful gem in rockeries, around pool margins and in borders. A superb ground cover. Pleasingly fresh in appearance the year 'round.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	11	99
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DO YOU KNOW?

That the 50 known species of ceanothus are native only to North America.

Erica carnea (Sherwood Early Red)

Earliest of all the carneas. It starts blooming in December, a bewitching, brave little dwarf often sending its dainty little flower heads through the snow. Flowers bright red in enormous profusion for two months. A superb ground cover. It is perhaps at its best on steep banks or terraces but is excellent in almost any place where low growing plants are desired. Height about 12 inches. Always lovely, always desired.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	11	99
3- 6 " " " ".....	-----	-----	15	-----
3- 6 ins. twice transp.....	-----	-----	17	153
6- 9 " " " ".....	-----	-----	21	189
9-12 ins. twice transp.....	B&B	.85	7.70	69
12-15 " " " ".....	B&B	1.00	9.00	81

Erica carnea (Springwood Pink)

Fine new origination. Foliage bright green, dense. Eventually spreads to 3 or 4 feet, growing 6 to 8 inches high, thus making an elegant carpet. Flowers, a multitude of pink jewels completely covering the plant in early spring.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	11	99
3- 6 " " " ".....	-----	-----	15	135
3- 6 ins. twice transp.....	-----	-----	17	-----
6- 9 " " " ".....	-----	-----	21	-----

Erica carnea (Springwood White)

Fine low growing heath with an abundance of bright green foliage. Hardy. Very fresh in appearance, dainty, height about ten inches. Flowers pure white in early spring completely covering the evergreen cushion like plant.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	11	99
3- 6 " " " ".....	-----	-----	15	135

Erica carnea vivelli (Carmine Heath)

A thick growing, dark green mound, a few inches in height spreading about two feet. Carmine red flowers completely covering the plant in spring. Even the needle foliage of this fine plant carries considerable red.

	Each	10	100	1000
1- 3 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	11	99
3- 6 " " " ".....	-----	-----	15	135
3- 6 ins. twice transp.....	-----	-----	17	-----
6- 9 " " " ".....	-----	-----	21	-----

Erica cinerea (C. D. Eason)

Exceedingly showy cushion evergreen with a heavy mass of dark needle foliage on dense tiny upright stems. Blooms for a rather long period of time in July and August. The dazzling red flowers make a striking contrast to the very dark foliage. An amazing dwarf.

3- 6 ins. twice transp.....	-----	-----	17	153
6- 9 " " " ".....	-----	-----	21	189
9-12 " " " ".....	-----	-----	25	-----
15-18 " " " ".....B&B	1.25	11.30	102	-----

Erica mediterranea hybrida (Darley Heath)

This is one of the most attractive and desirable plants in its class grown in our nursery. It is hardy and dwarf seldom reaching more than 18 inches in height. It has beautiful, dense, dark green foliage, and from early winter to late spring is covered with such a profusion of lovely purplish blossoms that the foliage is practically obscured. It is not unusual to see this brave little plant blossoming through the snow. Being a winter bloomer, hardy, equally good for rockeries, borders, groups and masses, it should be included in every planting.

6- 9 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	19	171
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DO YOU KNOW?

That the largest recorded Sugar Pine (*Pinus lambertiana*) was over 57 feet in circumference and 245 feet tall. This by Douglas in 1826 was also the first recorded Sugar Pine.

Erica mediterranea hybrida alba (White Darley Heath)

Same as mediterranea hybrid but with white flowers.

6- 9 ins. twice transp.....	-----	-----	20	-----
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Erica tetralix gratis

Winsome, low growing heath reaching about 12 to 15 inches in height. Foliage soft, luxuriant, light green. Flowers in clusters on the tips of slender branches, dainty little bells of soft lavender. Hardy. Recent. Summer blooming.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	11	99
3- 6 " " " ".....	-----	-----	15	135

Erica tetralix mollis

A soft, pleasant little evergreen growing about 15 inches high, Flowers a soft pale pink. Good for planters, rockeries and borders.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	11	99
3- 6 " " " ".....	-----	-----	15	135

Erica vagans (Mrs. Maxwell)

One of the most lovely of dwarf flowering evergreens, foliage soft, good green color the year 'round. Flowers bright pink in enormous profusion completely covering the plant. Has a very long blooming season in July and August. Height about 15 inches. Hardy.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	11	99
3- 6 " " " ".....	-----	-----	15	135
3- 6 ins. twice transp.....	-----	-----	17	153
6- 9 " " " ".....	-----	-----	21	189

(*es-ka-loh'-ni-ah*)

Escallonia langleyensis (Langley Escallonia)

A shrub that is fragrant both in flower and foliage. Leaves are bright, glossy green, small and delicate. Flowers are reddish pink and well fitted in form and color to the foliage making a pleasing combination. Grows to a height of five or six feet with long, slender, pendulous branches. Hardy evergreen.

	Each	10	100	1000
12-18 ins. once transp.....	-----		22	-----
18-24 " " "	-----		26	234

Escallonia rosea (Rose Escallonia)

A rather low growing evergreen shrub, having small, bright glossy leaves with gently serrated edges. Pleasingly fragrant both in flower and foliage. The blossoms, which are produced in clusters, are deep shell pink and bell shaped. A good addition to the garden.

12-18 ins. once transp.....				22	198
18-24 " " ".....				28	252
18-24 ins. twice transp.....	B&B	1.25	11.30	102	.....
2- 3 ft. twice transp.....	B&B	1.65	14.90	134	.....
3- 4 " " ".....	B&B	2.10	18.90	170	.....

Escallonia viscosa (C. F. Ball)

Gracefully arching and spreading shrub. Height 4 to 5 feet or more. Foliage glistening, bright green. Flowers deep coral red, conspicuous. An exceedingly attractive evergreen. New. Hardy.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	11	
3- 6 " " "	15	135

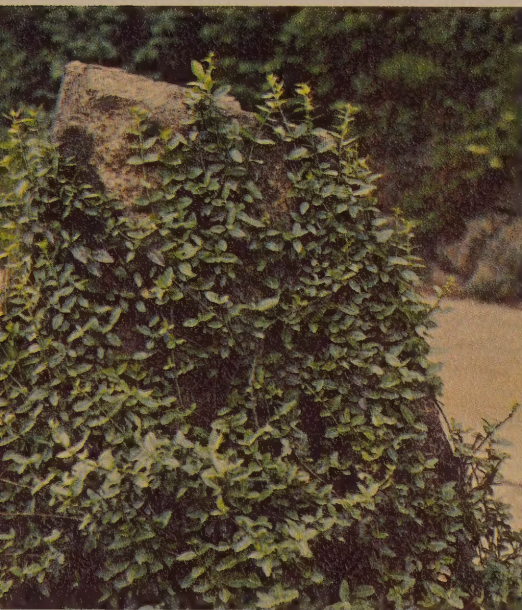
EUONYMUS (eu-on' i-mus)

Euonymus japonicus microphyllus (Boxleaf Euonymus)

A dense, glossy leaved evergreen growing into a perfectly formed 2 foot globe. Small, box like foliage as indicated in the name. Works well into formal plantings. Dwarf, hardy, and very rare.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	11	99
3- 6 " " "	-----	-----	15	135

Euonymus radicans twines a rock.



Euonymus radicans

(Wintercreeper)

Low procumbent shrub. May be trailing and rooting or climbing branches, sometimes reaching a height of several feet. The rich green foliage is carried all winter. It is at its best when planted against a wall or building where it will climb for several feet and grow in decorative beauty year by year. It belongs to a class of very worthy shrubs. Hardy evergreen. Beautiful in rockeries or when climbing up walls. A very superior ground cover.

3- 6 ins. once transp.	12	108
6-12 ins. once transp.	16	144
12-24 ins. once transp.	22	198
12-24 ins. twice transp.	24	216

SHERWOOD NURSERY CO., Corbett, Oregon

Euonymus radicans coloratus (Purple Leaf Wintercreeper)

A trailing evergreen form of unsurpassed merit. Can be used effectively as a ground cover, or to train against walls or rocks in natural beauty. The foliage which is always good is at the height of its glory when in the autumn it takes on the rich colorings of red and bronze that are carried through the winter.

	Each	10	100	1000
3- 6 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	12	108

Euonymus radicans (Upright)

This is very similar to the regular radicans but is more erect growing. Splendid against walls and fences where it makes a fine mass of green foliage.

3- 6 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	12	108
6-12 " " ".....	-----	-----	16	144
12-18 " " ".....	-----	-----	22	-----

Euonymus radicans vegetus (Bigleaf Wintercreeper)

A larger type of radicans. The leaves which possess the same dark, rich green color are of profuse growth and larger than those of radicans. The plant grows to a height of about three feet and attains a spread of five feet or more. Very hardy.

3- 6 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	15	135
6- 9 " " ".....	-----	-----	19	171
9-12 " " ".....	-----	-----	23	207
12-15 ins. twice transp.....	B&B 1.00	9.00	-----	-----
15-18 " " ".....	B&B 1.25	11.30	-----	-----
18-24 " " ".....	B&B 1.65	14.90	-----	-----

Fatsyhedera lizei

An evergreen shrub growing to a height of 6 feet although it will reach a height of 12 feet or more when trained against a wall or lattice. A cross between Fatsia and English Ivy, it has large glossy leaves of charming deep green color. A plant of rare and fine characteristics especially attractive in patios or about pergolas.

1 year plants.....	-----	-----	17	153
2 year plants.....	-----	-----	20	-----

Fir—See *Abies*, *Pseudotsuga*

Firethorn—See *Pyracantha*

Gaultheria procumbens (Wintergreen) (*gaul-theer' i-ah*)

This is the little plant which produces the true wintergreen flavor and from which wintergreen oil is extracted. There is nothing with which it can be compared for the reason that it is in a class by itself. It is a sturdy, hardy little subject flourishing northward into Canada and well to the southward particularly in elevated regions. The tiny leaves are nicely rounded, deep green and glossy and take on rich shadings of deep red in the autumn. Grows to a height of only 4 to 6 inches but produces a matted ground covering. Bears bright red berries in great abundance. These berries, which are edible, remain on the plants until the following summer. Children often take delight in gathering them as well as the tender young leaves for their sweet wintergreen flavor. When food is scarce in the winter season they form a part of the food of game birds. The fine foliage, the small, delicate, pink, bell-shaped flowers, the brilliant red berries and its hardiness combine to make it one without peer in its class. To know this delightful little plant is to admire and love it and it should occupy a place in every garden where it will grow. Along with its other merits it is easy to handle.

1 year plants.....	-----	-----	8	72
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Germander—See *Teucrium*

Grape—See *Mahonia*

Ginger—See *Asarum*

Heath—See *Erica*

Heather—See *Erica*, *Calluna*, *Daboecia*

(hed' er-ah)

Hedera helix (English Ivy)

The well known, long lived, high climbing or creeping evergreen vine, a very variable species, of which more than 60 varieties are cultivated in European gardens. The Ivy is native in Europe, Africa and Asia. The type which we are offering is the standard variety and one which is much grown in city parks and in estates. It has few peers for covering extensive slopes, banks, or steep terraces in either sun or shade.

	Each	10	100	1000
1 year plants once transp.....	-----	-----	8	72
2 year plants once transp.....	-----	-----	11	99

Hedera helix—A cut leaf form

Foliage deeply serrated almost to the main rib, dark green, veins light colored and pronounced. Heavy, rapid grower, a very superior variety. We do not know its name. Aristocratic in appearance when draped over walls or used as a ground cover. Very hardy evergreen.

Rooted divisions.....	7	63
2 year plants once transp.....	11	99

Hedera helix arborescens (Bush English Ivy)

A broad leaved evergreen, with every appearance of ivy in bush form, but often having the ivy like leaves twisted and contorted in an interesting manner. Does well in sun or shade. Reaches a height of two and one-half feet and a spread of four feet. Very hardy and desirable.

3- 6 ins. once transp.	-----	15	135
6- 9 " " "	-----	19	-----
9-12 " " "	-----	23	-----
12-15 " " "	-----	27	-----

Hedera helix conglomerata (Bunchleaf English Ivy)

Low growing. Leaves crowded, contorted and small, giving a pleasing massed effect, as the plant lies flat upon the ground. Foliage deep, dense green. An interesting plant which attracts much attention and one which makes a dense, compact ground cover. Very hardy. Also excellent for florist work.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	11	99
3- 6 " " ".....	15	135

Hedera helix (Needlepoint Ivy)

An unusual form of the English Ivy. Leaves tiny, deeply cut, dark green. This form makes a low mound 18 inches high, spreading down and out. A good rock plant, small area subject, wall or ground cover. Hardy and distinctive.

3- 6 ins. twice transp.....	13
6- 9 " " ".....	17
9-12 " " ".....	21

Hedera helix variegata (Variegated English Ivy)

This ivy has all the good features of the English Ivy, being a strong, vigorous grower, but it is a daintier vine, having a smaller leaf and is brightened up by the variegated foliage so that the general effect is not heavy and somber like that of English Ivy. Like the English Ivy it clings tenaciously to walls.

1 year plants.....	8	72
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Hemlock—See Tsuga

Holly—See Ilex

Honeysuckle—See *Lonicera*

Huckleberry—See *Pernettya*, *Vaccinium*

Hypericum calycinum (Aaronsbeard St. Johnswort) (*hy-per'i-kum*)

A subshrub growing to a height of one foot. A rapidly spreading plant creeping by woody root stalks and completely covering the soil. Splendid and very effective ground cover in sunny places. Blooms from June to August. Large golden yellow flowers. Hardy.

	Each	10	100	1000
1 year once transp.....	-----	-----	8	72
2 year once transp.....	-----	-----	11	99

Hypericum patulum henryi (Henry St. Johnswort)

An erect evergreen, 5 to 6 feet tall. Has large foliage and is covered in summer with large bright yellow flowers. Native of China. Hardier than most forms. Rapid growing.

6-12 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	18	-----
12-18 " " " ".....	-----	-----	22	-----

ILEX (HOLLIES) (*eye' leks*)

Ilex aquifolium (Seedlings)

Large, glossy, rich green leaves. Good for understocks or hedging.

1 in. not transp.....	-----	-----	7	63
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Ilex aquifolium angustifolia (Narrowleaf Holly)

This is one of the most beautiful of all ilxes. Leaves are medium in size, rather narrow, dark green, very glossy, about one inch in length with serrated margin. Berries small bright red, glossy, showy. Rather slender growing spire like tree. Unique in its class. Superlative specimen evergreen. Extremely useful in narrow situations. Hardy. Very rare. Self fertile.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	14	126
3- 6 " " " ".....	-----	-----	18	162
6- 9 " " " ".....	-----	-----	24	216

DO YOU KNOW?

That there are probably more than 500 species of holly.

Ilex aquifolium albo marginata (Silveredge Holly)

Leaves glossy, dark green, edged silvery white, prickly. Large growing shrub or small tree. Stands pruning well and is well adapted to formal plantings. Berry bearing form. Hardy.

3- 6 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	22	-----
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Ilex aquifolium aureo marginata (Yellowedge Holly)

Leaves glossy, dark green, prickly, edged golden. Makes a beautiful specimen tree, bright gold in appearance. Developed from the French type of English holly.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	16	144
3- 6 " " " ".....	-----	-----	22	198
6- 9 " " " ".....	-----	-----	29	261

Ilex aquifolium pyramidalis (Pyramid Holly)

A pyramid type of English Holly. Grows into a well formed tree with good foliage. A most prolific berry bearer, the bright red berries often borne in solid mass along the stems. Furthermore, this tree is an early bearer, small trees often being laden with fruit. Hardy. Excellent for landscape purposes. Self fertile.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	15	-----
3- 6 " " " ".....	-----	-----	20	-----
6- 9 " " " ".....	-----	-----	26	-----

Ilex cassine myrtifolia (Myrtle Holly)

Slow growing shrub or small tree, thick branched, well clothed with fine slender leaves. Useful as a filler or hedge subject.

	Each	10	100	1000
1- 3 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	14	-----
3- 6 " " " ".....	-----	-----	18	-----

Ilex crenata bullata (Convexleaf Holly)

Interesting, dwarf, irregularly ascending, picturesque, broad leaf evergreen. Leaves tiny, convex, dark green, shining. Unusual and rare. Very hardy. A valuable addition for planters, low foundations and dwarf hedges.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	14	126
3- 6 " " ".....	18	162

Ilex crenata rotundifolia

Dense, stiff branched, dwarf evergreen holly, leaves small, about one inch in width, dark green, luxuriant. Very hardy. Excellent in foundation plantings. Also a fine hedge subject.

3- 6 ins. once transp.....	16	144
6- 9 " " ".....	20	180
9-12 " " ".....	24	

DO YOU KNOW?

That English Holly (*Ilex aquifolium*) grows to more than 80 feet in height.

Ilex pernyi (Perny Holly)

Semi dwarf, heavily foliaged, broad leaved evergreen. Leaves are very prickly. Bears red berries in profusion. Hardy. Native of central China.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	14	-----
3- 6 " " ".....	18	162
6- 9 " " ".....	24	216
9-12 " " ".....	30	270

Ilex pernyi veitchi (Veitch Holly)

A very uncommon small growing holly. Leaves 1 to 1½ inches long, broad, so bright and glossy they appear to be varnished, dark green. Berries red. A very superior variety.

3- 6 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	-----	20	-----
6- 9 " " "	-----	-----	-----	26	-----

Incense Cedar—See Libocedrus

Ivy—See Hedera

JUNIPERUS (JUNIPERS) *(joo-nip' er-us)*

Juniperus chinensis armstrongi (Armstrong's Spreading Juniper)

Produces a dense mass of soft gray green foliage 3 to 4 feet high and broadly spreading.
Hardy, vigorous grower.

1- 3 ins, once transp.....	13	117
3- 6 " " ".....	17	153
6- 9 " " ".....	21	189

Juniperus chinensis (Blaauw Juniper)

Heavy blue green plumes rising up into an irregular marvelously graceful narrow vase. Holds its vivid blue green color even in 20 below. Twenty year old plants are 4 feet high with a spread of 3 feet. Possibly the best of dwarf junipers. Superb for low foundations and entrances. Certainly in a class by itself.

	Each	10	100	1000
1- 3 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	14	-----
3- 6 " " " ".....	-----	-----	18	-----
6- 9 " " " ".....	-----	-----	24	-----
12-15 ins. twice transp.....B&B	1.65	14.90	134	-----
15-18 " " " ".....B&B	2.10	18.90	170	-----
18-24 " " " ".....B&B	2.65	23.90	215	-----
24-30 " " " ".....B&B	3.35	30.20	-----	-----

Juniperus chinensis pfitzeriana (Pfitzer Juniper)

This well known juniper can scarcely be excelled for terrace and mass planting. Upright training gives it a very individual habit of growth and greater range of landscape uses. It is hardy and a rapid, vigorous grower and thrives under adverse conditions of soil and climate. It has fine green foliage which with a little pruning forms a dense mass. Broadly spreading, reaching in older trees a diameter of 20 to 25 feet or more. Probably the most universal favorite of all junipers of its type.

3- 6 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	17	-----
6- 9 " " " ".....	-----	-----	21	189

Juniperus chinensis pfif. aurea (Golden Pfitzer Juniper)

Similar to Pfitzer Juniper but with light golden foliage.

3- 6 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	17	-----
6- 9 " " " ".....	-----	-----	21	189
9-12 " " " ".....	-----	-----	25	-----

DO YOU KNOW?

That Redcedar is not a cedar.

Juniperus chinensis pfif. compacta (Compact Pfitzer Juniper)

Derived from the Pfitzer Juniper but much tighter and more compact in growth. Superior in most situations to its parent. Foliage tending to the blue.

3- 6 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	17	153
6- 9 " " " ".....	-----	-----	21	189
9-12 " " " ".....	-----	-----	25	225

Juniperus chinensis pfif. glauca (Blue Pfitzer Juniper)

This form is similar to Pfitzer Juniper but foliage is a glaucous blue.

3- 6 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	17	153
6- 9 " " " ".....	-----	-----	21	189
9-12 " " " ".....	-----	-----	25	-----

Jun. chin. pro. albo-variegata (White Variegated Creeping Juniper)

A variegated form with white splashes and tips intermingled with the green.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	13	-----
3- 6 " " " ".....	-----	-----	17	153
6- 9 " " " ".....	-----	-----	21	189
9-12 " " " ".....	-----	-----	25	225

Jun. chin. pro. aureo-var. (Gold Variegated Creeping Juniper)

A very hardy prostrate form with rigid horizontal branches. Foliage rather coarse and prickly, bright green with golden splashes. Juvenile and adult foliage is intermingled in heavy mats along the stems.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	13	117
3- 6 " " " ".....	-----	-----	17	153
6- 9 " " " ".....	-----	-----	21	-----

Juniperus horizontalis (Bar Harbor Blue Creeping Juniper)

Procumbent with trailing, spreading branches well filled with foliage, forming a compact mat in mature plants. Foliage is charming steel blue the year round, almost cypress like in texture somewhat resembling the Waukegan Juniper. Native Nova Scotia to British Columbia and south to New York. Very hardy. Valuable as a ground cover in exposed situations and in sandy and rocky soil, combining as it does delightful qualities of color, foliage, habit of growth and hardiness. Height 6 inches.

	Each	10	100	1000
1- 3 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	13	117
3- 6 " " " ".....	-----	-----	17	153
6- 9 " " " ".....	-----	-----	21	189

Juniperus horizontalis glauca (Blue Creeping Juniper)

The blue creeping junipers are always attractive on terraces, sloping lawns, over-hanging walls and the like where they can be used. This one is well up in its class. Foliage is bright steel blue, with a soft, velvety flush in the new growth that is appealing. Wide spreading, low growing, forming a dense blue mat. Is perfectly hardy.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	13	117
3- 6 " " " ".....	-----	-----	17	153
6- 9 " " " ".....	-----	-----	21	189

DO YOU KNOW?

That one of the largest American Hollies (Ilex opaca) has a circumference of over 11 feet and a height of over 70 feet.

Juniperus japonica (Japanese Juniper)

Hardy, creeping juniper, foliage needle like, gray green in color. Very desirable in many plantings. Clings close to the ground, rocks or walls. Height 10 inches. Often misnamed chinensis procumbens or procumbens. Splendid bonsai subject.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	14	126
3- 6 " " " ".....	-----	-----	18	162
6- 9 " " " ".....	-----	-----	24	216
9-12 " " " ".....	-----	-----	30	-----

Juniperus japonica bandai sugi aurea

One of the best dwarf junipers. Vase shaped in habit with long ascending plume like branches nodding at the tips and rich, golden, heavily matted foliage. Hardy, dwarf, slow growing. Unique both in foliage and habit of growth. A new aristocrat.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	16	144
3- 6 " " " ".....	-----	-----	22	198
6- 9 " " " ".....	-----	-----	29	261
9-12 " " " ".....	-----	-----	35	-----

Juniperus sabina tamariscifolia (Tamarix Savin Juniper)

Color a bright, cheerful, bluish green throughout the year, symmetrical and compact in form and growth, not over 36 inches high. Hardy and one of the finest of creeping varieties. Decidedly ornamental in almost any planting.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	13	117
3- 6 " " " ".....	-----	-----	17	153
6- 9 " " " ".....	-----	-----	21	-----

Juniperus sabina variegata (Hoarfrost Savin Juniper)

Prostrate juniper having a delicate variegation throughout giving it the appearance of having been sprinkled with frost. Hardy and rare. An exceedingly attractive variety.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	13	117
3- 6 " " " ".....	-----	-----	17	153
6- 9 " " " ".....	-----	-----	21	-----

Juniperus scopulorum (Rocky Mountain Juniper)

The well known and justly popular western juniper. A very hardy tree with a range from British Columbia to Colorado in the Rocky Mountains. Thrives in cold or hot and dry sections. Texture of foliage, fine; color, bluish green or silvery. Grows into beautiful specimen trees with little shearing. Excellent for windbreak or hedges.

	Each	10	100	1000
1- 3 ins. once transp.....	.....	.....	7	63
3- 6 " " " ".....	.....	.....	9	81

Juniperus squamata meyeri (Meyer Juniper)

A juniper of marked individuality. Has dense, heavy growth which shapes up in plume like branches of erect irregular habit. Foliage is of a most fascinating deep blue color and different from most plants. Forms a harmony with other evergreen shades and colors that cannot be surpassed. Introduced from China. Hardy.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	.....	.....	14	126
3- 6 " " " ".....	.....	.....	18	162
6- 9 " " " ".....	.....	.....	24	216
9-12 " " " ".....	.....	.....	30	270
12-15 " " " ".....	.....	.....	36	324

Juniperus virginiana (Redcedar)

Native extending over an area from Canada to Florida. Foliage dense green in spring darkening to a rich bronze in winter. A compact pyramidal tree of great hardness. Does well in poor soil.

1 in. not transp.....			5	45
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DO YOU KNOW?

That food applied to foliage may move thru a plant at the rate of a foot an hour.

Kalmia latifolia (Mountain Laurel) (kal' mi-ah)

Native of the Appalachian Mts. Grows into a compact symmetrical shrub densely covered with foliage. Leaves medium size, glossy and unchanging throughout the year. When in bloom the plants are literally bouquets of lovely cup shaped flowers, ranging from almost white to deep pink in color on individual specimens. Effective singly or in mass plantings. Height 3 feet or more. Very hardy and very desirable.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	.....	.....	13	117
3- 6 " " " ".....	.....	.....	17	153
6- 9 " " " ".....	.....	.....	21	189
3- 6 ins. twice transp.....	.....	.....	19	171
6- 9 " " " ".....	.....	.....	23	207
9-12 " " " ".....	.....	.....	27	243

Kinnikinnick—See **Arctostaphylos**

Labrador Tea—See **Ledum**

Larix leptolepis (Japanese Larch) (lar'-iks)

Rather tall growing deciduous conifer from Japan. Foliage exceedingly soft, bluish green, turning to brilliant yellow in the fall. Considered the best of the larches. A startling tree. Hardy.

12-18 ins. twice transp.....	.....	.....	22	198
18-24 " " " ".....	.....	.....	26	234
2- 3 ft. " " " ".....	.....	.....	30	270

Laurel—See **Kalmia**, **Laurocerasus**

Laurocerasus officinalis nana (Dwarf English Laurel) (lah-roh-ser'-as-us)

Rare type of English laurel. Wide, glossy leaves about 3 inches long. Growth, dense and stubby. Quite superior.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....			13	117
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Meyer Juniper — rich blue dwarf.

Laurocerasus zabeliana (Zabel Laurel)

Grows to six or eight feet. Wide spreading and is covered in the spring with large spikes of white scented flowers. Foliage rich glossy green, little affected by cold or dry weather. Hardier than English or Portugal Laurel. Being hardy, semi dwarf and a good bloomer it meets a need in landscaping and will unquestionably be used a great deal as it becomes better known. Rare.

Each	10	100	1000
3- 6 ins. once transp.		16	144
6- 9 ins. once transp.		20	180
6- 9 ins. twice transp.		22	198
9-12 ins. twice transp.		26	234
12-15 ins. twice transp.		30	270

Laurustinus—See Viburnum tinus

Lavandula praecox (lah-van'-deu-lah)

Very fragrant rounded shrub with glaucous green foliage about two feet high with a spread of three feet. Out of this on slender 18 inch stems rise the very fragrant lavender flower heads.

2 year plants.....			18	
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Ledum columbianum (Labrador tea) (lee'-dum)

One of Oregon's very fine coastal evergreens growing to a height of about three feet or more. Upright. Foliage somewhat thick, dense, dark green, at times taking on shades of bronze. Flowers white, clustered, showy. Desirable for low foundations, planter boxes and the like. This splendid plant undoubtedly has a great future.

12-15 ins. thrice transp.....	B&B	1.00	9.00	81	.....
15-18 " " ".....	B&B	1.25	11.30	102	.....
18-24 " " ".....	B&B	1.65	14.90	134	.....

Leucothoe catesbaei (Drooping Leucothoe) (lew'-koth'-oh-ee)

One of the most ornamental of the broad leaved evergreens. Semi dwarf and hardy. A good under cover plant or facer for taller shrubs. Makes fine sprays for florists' use. Large glossy foliage turning to gorgeous shades of red and bronze in the fall and winter. White flowers produced in clusters in the early spring. Erect but with tips of branches drooping.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	.....	.....	12	.....
3- 6 " " ".....	.....	.....	16	.....

Leucothoe (Girard's Rainbow)

Graceful dwarf evergreen with many arching and drooping branches. Foliage medium large, dark green mingled and interspersed with splashes of white, yellow, red and pink. Very variable. Hardy, very interesting. Gives a fine unique touch.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	.....	.....	13	117
3- 6 " " ".....	.....	.....	17	153

Libocedrus decurrens (Western Incense Cedar) (*ly-boh-see' drus*)

A shapely pyramid in form with fine fan like foliage that is dense and a beautiful glossy green.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	Each	10	100	1000
3- 6 " " " ".....	-----	-----	11	-----
-----	-----	-----	15	-----

Ligustrum lucidum texanum (Waxleaf Privet) (*ly-gus'-trum*)

Thick, dark green, glossy, upright evergreen. Clusters of white flowers in spring. Fine, dense, vivid hedge plant. Hardy.

3- 6 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	15	135
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Lonicera nitida (Box Honeysuckle) (*lon-is' er-ah*)

Evergreen shrub to six feet with fine branches and tiny box like leaves. Graceful rapid grower. Good hedge subject and foliage plant.

6-12 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	16	144
12-18 " " " ".....	-----	-----	19	171
18-24 " " " ".....	-----	-----	22	198
24-30 " " " ".....	-----	-----	25	225

Lonicera pileata yunnanensis

Low growing evergreen to 18 inches composed of a great quantity of slender horizontal branches. Flowers white and fragrant; leaves tiny, dark green almost box like. Splendid as a heavy ground cover through which hardly any weeds penetrate; also, good for planters, low foundations, hedges and borders. Hardy.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	11	99
3- 6 " " " ".....	-----	-----	15	135
6-12 " " " ".....	-----	-----	19	171

Mahonia aquifolium (Oregon Grape) (*mah-hoh' ni-ah*)

An ornate little evergreen shrub, native of Oregon, where it is much loved and enjoyed. Leaves are holly like and bright green. Has long clusters of bright golden yellow flowers in the spring followed by bunches of bright blue grape like berries which are sometimes used for jelly making. Attractive in foliage, flower and fruit. Also fine for interior decorative purposes. Some leaves take on autumn tints of crimson, deep red, bronze and gold. The shrub at its best in group plantings. One of the hardiest of the broad leaved evergreens. Height variable from three feet.

1- 3 ins. not transp.....	-----	-----	6	54
1- 3 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	8	72
Oregon Grape — splendid native.	3- 6 ins. once transp.	-----	11	99
	6- 9 ins. once transp.	-----	14	126
	9-12 ins. once transp.	-----	17	153

**Mahonia nervosa**
(Longleaf Hollygrape)

Plants grow 12 to 18 inches tall. The leaves which are 12 to 15 inches long are beautifully fern like in form. Flowers are bright golden yellow, followed by bunches of bright blue, grape like fruit. The foliage is dark green turning to most beautiful shades of brilliant red and bronze in the fall. Does well in sun or shade. Thrives under conifers. Very hardy. One of the very best of Oregon's native shrubs.

1- 3 ins. once transp.	-----	-----	10	-----
------------------------	-------	-------	----	-------

Manzanita—See Arctotaphylos

Mountain Laurel—See Kalmia

Myrtle—See Vinca, Umbellularia

Nandina domestica (Nandina) (*nan-dy' nah*)

A native of the Orient. Characterized by delicate foliage, the long, slender leaves being frond like. It bears large clusters of bright berries which at times almost cover the top of the plant. Some of the leaves turn in autumn to attractive shades of red, bronze and scarlet while some remain green. Height four to five feet. Good for specimen or mass plantings. One of the finest hardy evergreens grown.

		Each	10	100	1000
12-15 ins. twice transp.	B&B	1.00	9.00	81	-----
15-18 " " "	B&B	1.25	11.30	102	-----
18-24 " " "	B&B	1.65	14.90	134	-----
24-30 " " "	B&B	2.10	18.90	170	-----

Oregon Grape—See Mahonia

Osmanthus delavayi (Delavay Osmanthus) (*os-man' thus*)

A real garden aristocrat and one of the most delightful of evergreens. Leaves small, dark green, deeply toothed. Branches well clothed and making an irregular shrub to six feet. Flowers white, tiny, resembling miniature honeysuckle blooms with wonderful fragrance. Hardy. Native of China.

1- 3 ins. once transp.	-----	-----	12	-----
3- 6 " " "	-----	-----	16	144

Osmanthus ilicifolius (Holly Osmanthus)

Holly like plant, native of Asia. Foliage glossy, dark green and attractive. Leaves serrated like holly. Hardy and stands shearing well. These features, combined with its rapid, sturdy habit of growth make it a hedge plant of outstanding merit. Masses of fragrant, white flowers, the name osmanthus signifying fragrant flower.

6- 9 ins. twice transp.	-----	-----	22	-----
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Pachysandra terminalis (Japanese Spurge) (*pak-isan' drah*)

Of Japanese origin. An evergreen which grows in dense masses with exceptionally full development at the terminals of the stems. This makes it especially valuable as a ground cover. Grows to a height of ten inches and possesses a light green foliage of delightful freshness of appearance. Hardy. Thrives best in shade.

Rooted divisions	-----	-----	7	63
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Periwinkle—See Vinca

PERNETTYAS (*per-net' i-ah*)

Pernettya mucronata (Chilean Pernettya)

Also known as South American Huckleberry. Neat evergreen foliage, white flowers. The shrub reaches a height of four to five feet and a spread of three or four feet. Native from Mexico to southern South America. Hardy in sheltered positions as far north as New York. An old and almost forgotten garden favorite, but one which is rapidly and deservedly again coming into popular favor.

Pink Berried

3- 6 ins. once transp.	-----	-----	17	153
6-12 " " "	-----	-----	23	207

Red Berried

1- 3 ins. once transp.	-----	-----	11	99
3- 6 " " "	-----	-----	15	135
6- 9 " " "	-----	-----	19	-----
6- 9 ins. twice transp.	-----	-----	21	-----
9-12 " " "	-----	-----	25	-----

Pernettya mucronata (Sherwood Variegated Pernettya)

Interesting new introduction. Dainty evergreen shrub to 5 feet. The tiny leaves are dark green with white margins making a very intriguing contrast with the large rose colored berries.

	Each	10	100	1000
3- 6 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	15	135
6- 9 " " " ".....	-----	-----	19	171
9-12 " " " ".....	-----	-----	23	-----

Pernettya mucronata (Male)

6-12 ins. twice transp.....	-----	-----	23	-----
12-18 " " " ".....	-----	-----	27	-----

Phillyrea decora (Lanceleaf Phillyrea) (*fi-lir' e-ah*)

Native of western Asia. Decora, meaning elegant, surely describes this evergreen. Round topped shrub growing to four feet or more. Large, glossy, dark green leaves. Small white flowers. This semi dwarf, alluring, elegant broad leaved evergreen of many uses has never turned a leaf in our most severe weather. Good for banks and terraces, foundations or specimens. Very superior as a hedge plant. Extremely rare.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	12	-----
3- 6 " " " ".....	-----	-----	16	-----

Photinia glabra (Japanese Photinia) (*foh-tin' i-ah*)

Upright evergreen shrub to six feet or more having very fine ornamental qualities. Leaves of medium size on the slender vertical branches. Best known for its brilliant foliage which during most of the year is a showy copper red. Outstanding when seen with other shrubs. Hardy.

3- 6 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	17	153
6- 9 " " " ".....	-----	-----	21	-----

PICEA (SPRUCES) (*py' se-ah*)

Picea engelmanni glauca (Blue Engelmann Spruce)

A large growing tree having slender spreading branches which form a dense, narrow pyramid. Steel blue foliage. Hardy ornamental. Native of the Cascade and Rocky Mts.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	6	54
3- 6 " " " ".....	-----	-----	8	72
6- 9 " " " ".....	-----	-----	11	-----

Picea excelsa (Norway Spruce)

One of the best known and one of the hardiest of conifers. Native of northern Europe. Conical in form of growth and with deep green foliage. Does well in rather sterile soil and defies the blast in cold exposed situations. Rapid growing, the name excelsa meaning lofty. Valuable for windbreaks and makes a good specimen tree. Holds a place of deserved esteem.

6-12 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	13	117
12-18 " " " ".....	-----	-----	16	144
18-24 " " " ".....	-----	-----	19	171
24-30 " " " ".....	-----	-----	22	198
6-12 ins. twice transp.....	-----	-----	15	135
12-18 " " " ".....	-----	-----	18	162
18-24 " " " ".....	-----	-----	21	189

Picea excelsa aurea (Golden Norway Spruce)

Hardy, rapid growing, golden conifer. Foliage golden the year around. Decidedly an unusual tree. Hardy. Rare. Not positive of the name.

3- 6 ins. twice transp.....	-----	-----	18	162
6- 9 " " " ".....	-----	-----	26	234
9-12 " " " ".....	-----	-----	32	288
12-15 " " " ".....	-----	-----	38	342



Nest Spruce — lasting beauty.

Picea excelsa maxwellii (Maxwell Spruce)

Twenty year old trees are exceedingly dense, rounded specimens about 18 inches high and three feet across; true dwarfs, picturesque and beautiful. Hardy. Unusual.

	Each	10	100	1000
1- 3 ins. once transp.	.....	.....	14	126
3- 6 ins. once transp.	.....	.....	18	162
6- 9 ins. twice transp. specimens	.....	6.80	61	.....
9-12 ins. twice transp. specimens	.....	1.00	9.00	81
12-15 ins. twice transp. specimens	B&B	1.65	14.90	134
15-18 ins. twice transp. specimens	B&B	2.10	18.90	.....
Add 25 cents per plant 9-12 if B&B.				

Picea excelsa mucronata (Dwarf Norway Spruce)

Dense dwarf conifer rounded in shape when young but growing into a broad pyramid with age. Trees 20 years old are only three feet in height and present the appearance of large spruces in miniature. Dark green. Very hardy. One of the best, having a multitude of uses. We are not certain of the name.

1- 3 ins. once transp.	.....	.....	14	126
3- 6 " " " "	.....	.....	18	162
6- 9 " " " "	.....	.....	24	216

Picea excelsa nidiformis (Nest Spruce)

A dwarf conifer with exceedingly compact, dark green foliage. Very slow growing. In shape it is a flattened globe. Trees 20 to 30 years old will have a height of two to three feet and a spread of four to five feet. One of the finest of the dwarfs. Extremely hardy.

6- 9 ins. twice transp. specimens	.....	.....	6.80	.....
9-12 " " " "	.....	1.00	9.00	81
12-15 " " " "	B&B	1.65	14.90	134
18-24 " " " "	B&B	2.65	23.90	215
24-30 " " " "	B&B	3.35	30.20	272

Add 25 cents per plant 9-12 if B&B.

4- 5 ft. spread superlative aged specimens	B&B	20.00	180.00	
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Picea excelsa pygmaea (Pygmy Spruce)

Exceedingly dense, dark green, dwarf conifer. A broadly rounded cone; 20 year old trees are two feet high and three feet across. Truly a gem. Very hardy. Rare.

	Each	10	100	1000
1- 3 ins. once transp.	.....	.....	15	135
6- 9 ins. twice transp. spec.	.....	6.80	61	.....
9-12 ins. twice transp. spec.	.....	1.00	9.00	81
12-15 ins. twice transp. spec.	B&B	1.65	14.90	134
15-18 ins. twice transp. spec.	B&B	2.10	18.90	.....
Add 25 cents per plant 9-12 if B&B.				

25 year old Dwarf Alberta Spruce in our nursery — aristocratic perfection after a winter storm.





FOR BONSAI TRAINING

We can supply the above specimen grades of Sherwood Multnomah Spruce in irregular, one sided, wind swept, picturesque trees. We have grown them this way as an aid to those who desire the unusual and unique in landscaping effects. They are exciting. Superb for bonsai training. Price same as regular.

A neat, trim, dwarf conifer growing into a close, compact, narrow pyramid. Foliage light green and of pleasing softness in appearance. A very rugged, hardy slow growing tree, admirably adapted to small homes where space is a factor. A great favorite and deservedly so.

A handsome, hardy tree of symmetrical habit of growth and bluish/green foliage. Like many of the spruces it has fine ornamental value and belongs to the hardy class of trees which thrive from the high mountains of the temperate region to the Arctic Circle.

Highly ornamental, hardy conifer. Foliage dark green above, lighter beneath. Branches slenderly spreading. Native from Japan.

DO YOU KNOW?
That Sitka Spruce (*Picea sitchensis*) is the only evergreen conifer that grows at lower instead of higher elevations in the southern part of its range.

Native of Wyoming to Colorado and Utah. A very handsome and very hardy tree of symmetrical habit of growth. One of the most desirable of the spruces. Flourishes under adverse conditions.

Picea pungens (Blue Green)

		Each	10	100	1000
15-18 ins. thrice transp.....	B&B	1.85	16.70	150	-----
18-24 " " ".....	B&B	2.45	22.10	199	-----
24-30 " " ".....	B&B	3.15	28.40	256	-----
30-36 " " ".....	B&B	3.85	34.70	312	-----

Picea pungens (Select Blue)

The cream of the crop.					
12-15 ins. thrice transp.....	B&B	2.10	18.90	170	-----
15-18 " " ".....	B&B	2.65	23.90	215	-----
18-24 " " ".....	B&B	3.35	30.20	272	-----
24-30 " " ".....	B&B	4.25	38.30	345	-----
30-36 " " ".....	B&B	5.25	47.30	426	-----
3- 4 ft. " " ".....	B&B	6.25	56.30	507	-----

Deduct 10 cents per plant 12-15 if BR.

Picea pungens glauca (Colorado Spruce)

Native Wyoming to Colorado and Utah. The color effect ranges from green to silvery blue.

3- 6 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	9	81
6-12 " " ".....	-----	-----	12	108

Picea sitchensis (Sitka Spruce)

Large growing broad pyramid. Branches rigid, thickly clothed with variable silver and green foliage. Beautiful evergreen from the Pacific Coast. Good understock for grafting. Hardy.

6-12 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	12	108
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DO YOU KNOW?

That the Longleaf Pine has needles exceeding a foot in length.

Pieris japonica (Oriental Pieris) (py' ear-is)

A shrub of oriental origin growing to a height of four or five feet. Has glossy, deep green foliage. In the early spring it is crowned in a magnificent way with large clusters and masses of white drooping bell shaped flowers which sometimes appear before the last late flurries of snow have gone. The young foliage is tinged with pink. One of the very best evergreen ornamentals for landscaping purposes. Hardy.

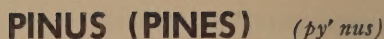
1- 3 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	12	-----
3- 6 " " ".....	-----	-----	16	144
6- 9 " " ".....	-----	-----	20	180
6- 9 ins. twice transp. specimens.....	-----	4.50	41	-----
9-12 " " ".....	-----	5.40	49	-----
12-15 " " ".....	B&B	1.00	9.00	81
15-18 " " ".....	B&B	1.25	11.30	102
18-24 " " ".....	B&B	1.65	14.90	134
24-30 " " ".....	B&B	2.10	18.90	170
30-36 " " ".....	B&B	2.65	23.90	215

Deduct 10 cents per plant 12-15 if BR.

Pieris japonica (Oriental Pieris)

An unusual form with new foliage a bright red.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	13	117
3- 6 " " ".....	-----	-----	17	153
6- 9 " " ".....	-----	-----	21	189



Remember, 5 needled pines are prohibited entry into Arizona, Colorado, Nevada, New Mexico, Utah and California, south of San Francisco County.

Bristlecone Pine — denizen of the peaks.

1. It is the oldest known living thing.
2. It does well at all elevations from sea level to 12,000 feet.
3. It withstands a temperature range of over 150 degrees: from 50° below to over 100° above.
4. It does well with the desert humidity of two or three per cent or the 70 per cent along the coast.
5. It holds its needles for 20 years which is more than three times as long as the average conifer.
6. It will stand poor soil. In its native habitat it often grows in pure gravel. Remember, Bristlecone Pine comes from the great open reaches, likes lots of sunshine and air, does not enjoy shade or a wet soil.
7. It makes a remarkably fine root system and moves easily.
8. The finest bonsai subject.
9. With a slight pruning it becomes as slender as a *Pyramidal Arborvitae* or if topped back when young it spreads laterally almost like a creeping juniper.

Needles, in bundles of five, are one to two inches long and completely clothe the branchlets. Color unusually dark in appearance, often speckled like frost with resin exudations. You will hear much more about this most beautiful of all conifers for landscape purposes. It is taking prizes wherever entered.

	Each	10	100	1000
3- 6 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	20	180
6- 9 " " " ".....	-----	-----	26	234
9-12 " " " ".....	-----	-----	32	288
12-15 " " " ".....	-----	-----	38	-----
9-12 ins. twice transp.....B&B	1.25	11.30	102	-----
12-15 " " " ".....B&B	1.65	14.90	134	-----
15-18 " " " ".....B&B	2.10	18.90	170	-----
18-24 " " " ".....B&B	2.65	23.90	215	-----

Deduct 10 cents per plant 9-12 if BR.

We can supply the above specimen grades of *Pinus aristata* in irregular, one sided, windswept, picturesque trees. We have grown them in this way as an aid to those who desire the unusual and unique in landscaping effects. They are exciting. Superb for Bonsai training. Prices same as regular.

Pinus attenuata (Knobcone Pine)

Small growing tree from Oregon and California with graceful slender branches. The needles are 4 to 5 inches long, dark green in clusters of 3 or 4. Unusual, narrow, picturesque. The hard cones cling to the tree for 15 years or longer, often on the trunk, which grows around them imbedding them in the wood.

	Each	10	100	1000
6-12 ins. twice transp.....	-----	-----	14	126
12-18 " " " ".....	-----	-----	17	153
18-24 " " " ".....	-----	-----	20	180

Pinus banksiana (Jack Pine)

Small growing, irregular, sometimes shrubby, very hardy tree from Eastern Canada. Needles in pairs, short, only 1 to 2 inches long, twisted stout, vivid dark green. The most northern of all American pines. Good bonsai subject.

1- 3 ins. not transp.....	-----	-----	5	45
3- 6 " " " ".....	-----	-----	7	63
6-12 " " " ".....	-----	-----	10	90

Pinus caribaea (Slash Pine)

Tree with rounded head, compact, spreading branches, needles 2 or 3 in a cluster, stiff, 9 to 12 inches long, lustrous dark green. Native from Georgia. Graceful. Beautiful.

3- 6 ins. twice transp.....	-----	-----	11	99
6-12 " " " ".....	-----	-----	14	126
12-18 " " " ".....	-----	-----	17	153
18-24 " " " ".....	-----	-----	20	180

Pinus contorta (Shore or Lodgepole Pine)

Small tree with stout, slender trunk; also at times and under windy conditions contorted with a round top head. Leaves in pairs, short, stiff, dark green. In cultivation it acquires a low bushy habit. Hardy. Lodgepole Pine is one of the best landscape subjects. Even young trees take on a heavy, dark, picturesque appearance. Good either in groups or as specimens.

1- 3 ins. not transp.....	-----	-----	5	45
3- 6 " " " ".....	-----	-----	7	63
6-12 " " " ".....	-----	-----	10	90

Bristlecone Pine in bloom. The tan colored flowers are male. The little blue female flower develops a year later into a cone (lower center) which still another year later becomes a fully opened cone (upper center).



Pinus coulteri
(Coulter Pine)

Sometimes called Big Cone Pine because of the huge prominent cones. Rapid growing, quickly forming heavy caliper, irregularly shaped branches, stout, often pendulous. Very picturesque and ornamental. Needles 3 in a bundle 6-12 inches long soft, stiff, blue green.

6-12 ins. not transp.....	-----	12	-----
12-18 ins. not transp.....	-----	15	135
6-12 ins. twice transp.....	-----	16	144
12-18 ins. twice transp.....	-----	19	171
18-24 ins. twice transp.....	-----	22	198
2- 3 ft. twice transp.....	-----	25	225

DO YOU KNOW?

That resin is found in all parts of the pine, leaves, branches, trunk and roots.

Pinus contorta murrayana (Lodgepole Pine)

The hardy form of Lodgepole Pine from the Rocky Mountains. Small growing tree, stout, but slender. Leaves in pairs, stiff, short, vivid dark green. Very rugged in appearance and picturesque in the open. Fine landscaping subject. Not as beautiful as Shore Lodgepole Pine but hardier.

	Each	10	100	1000
1- 3 ins. not transp.....	-----	-----	5	45
3- 6 " " ".....	-----	-----	7	63
6-12 " " ".....	-----	-----	10	90

Pinus densiflora (Japanese Red Pine)

Hardy member of the group becoming picturesque with age. Needles 2 in a cluster, 3 to 5 inches long, light green, soft textured, densely packed on the branches. As with many other pines it is a splendid bonsai subject.

3- 6 ins. not transp.....	-----	-----	7	63
6-12 " " ".....	-----	-----	10	90
6-12 ins. twice transp.....	-----	-----	14	126
12-18 " " ".....	-----	-----	17	153
18-24 " " ".....	-----	-----	20	180
2- 3 ft. " " ".....	-----	-----	23	-----

Pinus echinata (Shortleaf Pine)

Large growing tree with graceful, slender branches; needles 3 in a cluster, 3 to 5 inches long, light green. Native of Eastern United States. Hardy into Massachusetts. A grand tree.

6-12 ins. twice transp.....	-----	-----	14	126
12-18 " " ".....	-----	-----	17	153
18-24 " " ".....	-----	-----	20	180
2- 3 ft. " " ".....	-----	-----	23	-----

Pinus edulis (Nut or Pinyon Pine)

This tree produces the edible nut of commerce which forms a valuable article of food among the Indians of the southwest. Native Colorado and New Mexico to Texas. Hardy as far north as Massachusetts. A small tree 10 to 20 feet, bushy in the young trees, and having rounded top in old age. Very picturesque. The young growth is intensely blue. Leaves in pairs.

1- 3 ins. not transp.....	-----	-----	6	-----
3- 6 " " ".....	-----	-----	8	-----
3- 6 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	10	90
6- 9 " " ".....	-----	-----	13	117

Pinus halepensis (Aleppo Pine)

Medium sized tree, irregular and interesting. Young shoots covered with blue green needles, unusual. Needles 2 to 3 in a cluster 3 to 4 inches long. Native of the Mediterranean region.

3- 6 ins. not transp.....	-----	-----	7	-----
6-12 " " ".....	-----	-----	10	-----
6-12 ins. twice transp.....	-----	-----	14	126
12-18 " " ".....	-----	-----	17	153
18-24 " " ".....	-----	-----	20	-----

DO YOU KNOW?

That the resin ducts in pines are continuous from roots to branches.

Pinus jeffreyi (Jeffrey's Pine)

A rather open, picturesque, spire shaped conifer native of Oregon. Symmetrical and often with pendulous branches. A blue pine, distinct and highly ornamental. Needles long and silvery blue, 3 in a bundle. Hardy to Massachusetts.

	Each	10	100	1000
3- 6 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	9	81
6-12 " " " ".....	-----	-----	12	108
12-18 " " " ".....	-----	-----	15	-----

Pinus monophylla (Oneleaf Nut Pine)

Native of American Southwest mountains, dwarf and hardy. Curious in that it has single needles, short, 1 to 2 inches long, stiff, blue green, darkening with age. Very regular pyramid when young, beautifully picturesque with age. As with most pines a good bonsai subject. Edible seeds.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	8	-----
3- 6 " " " ".....	-----	-----	10	-----

Pinus nigra (Austrian Pine)

Large, spreading, pyramid with rugged horizontal branches. Graceful as a young tree, rugged with age. Needles stiff 3 to 6 inches long, dark green, two in a cluster. Fascinating individual from Europe.

3- 6 ins. twice transp.....	-----	-----	11	99
6-12 " " " ".....	-----	-----	14	126
12-18 " " " ".....	-----	-----	17	153
18-24 " " " ".....	-----	-----	20	180
2- 3 ft. " " " ".....	-----	-----	23	-----

DO YOU KNOW?

That about half or 40 of the world's species of pines are found in North America.

Pinus patula (Jelecote Pine)

This native of Old Mexico is one of the most outstandingly beautiful of all pines. Rather a dwarf tree, the foliage of which appears to be hanging from the branches. Needles 3 or 4 in the cluster, 6 to 9 inches long, soft, slender, dark green. A very lovely tree.

1- 3 ins. not transp.....	-----	-----	6	-----
3- 6 " " " ".....	-----	-----	8	-----
6-12 " " " ".....	-----	-----	11	-----
6-12 ins. twice transp.....	-----	-----	15	135
12-18 " " " ".....	-----	-----	18	162
18-24 " " " ".....	-----	-----	21	189
2- 3 ft. " " " ".....	-----	-----	24	-----

Pinus pinaster (Cluster Pine)

Branches spreading and pendulous. Upright tree. Needles 5 to 8 inches long 2 in a cluster, stiff, usually twisted, dark green, quite variable. Young shoots light purple with blue green needles. Very interesting. Native of Europe.

6-12 ins. not transp.....	-----	-----	10	90
12-18 " " " ".....	-----	-----	13	-----
6-12 ins. twice transp.....	-----	-----	14	126
12-18 " " " ".....	-----	-----	17	153
18-24 " " " ".....	-----	-----	20	-----

Pinus pinea (Italian Stone Pine)

The beautiful picturesque big limbed pine from southern Europe. A rather small growing tree, rapid growing when young. Needles in pairs, 5 to 8 inches long, blue green. An unusual plant with fine ornamental value.

6-12 ins. not transp.....	-----	-----	11	99
12-18 " " " ".....	-----	-----	14	126
18-24 " " " ".....	-----	-----	17	153

Pinus ponderosa (Ponderosa Pine)

Native British Columbia to Mexico, Pacific Coast to Nebraska. Leaves soft, long, dark green, 3 in cluster, heavy. A rapid growing, robust, dense, hardy conifer as far north as New England. Good to give planting bulk and stability. Also a leading timber conifer and therefor good for reforestation, Christmas tree growing, wood lots and shelter belts.

	Each	10	100	1000
6-12 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	12	108
12-18 " " ".....	-----	-----	15	135

Bulk prices available on 10,000 or more Ponderosa Pine.

Pinus radiata (Monterey Pine)

Very rapid growing medium sized conifer. Needles 3 in a cluster 4 to 6 inches long, exceedingly bright vivid green. Handsome, picturesque native from S. California.

6-12 ins. not transp.....	-----	-----	10	-----
12-18 " " ".....	-----	-----	13	-----
18-24 " " ".....	-----	-----	16	-----
6-12 ins. twice transp.....	-----	-----	14	-----
12-18 " " ".....	-----	-----	17	153
18-24 " " ".....	-----	-----	20	180
2- 3 ft. " " ".....	-----	-----	23	207

Pinus resinosa (Norway Pine)

From Newfoundland comes this very hardy ornamental pine. A large growing tree forming a soft pyramid. Needles 2 in a bundle, 4 to 6 inches long, soft, slender, flexible, fine dark green. A splendid vigorous tree.

3- 6 ins. twice transp.....	-----	-----	11	99
6-12 " " ".....	-----	-----	14	126
12-18 " " ".....	-----	-----	17	153

Pinus rigida (Pitch Pine)

Interesting irregular pyramid from northeastern America. Leaves in threes 3 to 4 inches long, twisted, rigid, light green. Very hardy.

1- 3 ins. not transp.....	-----	-----	5	-----
3- 6 " " ".....	-----	-----	7	-----
6-12 " " ".....	-----	-----	10	-----
12-18 " " ".....	-----	-----	13	-----

DO YOU KNOW?

That new varieties can be produced artificially by the use of chemicals.

Pinus sabiniana (Digger Pine)

Rather small growing, irregularly shaped, picturesque, unusual tree from California. Has huge conspicuous cones. Needles 3 in a bundle 8 to 12 inches long, slender, flexible, light green. Rapid growing tree, the new foliage of which is blue. Distinct.

6-12 ins. not transp.....	-----	-----	11	-----
12-18 " " ".....	-----	-----	13	-----
12-18 ins. twice transp.....	-----	-----	18	-----
18-24 " " ".....	-----	-----	21	-----
2- 3 ft. " " ".....	-----	-----	24	-----

Pinus sylvestris (Scotch Pine)

Native from Europe to western and northern Asia. Grows into a large spreading tree with rounded top. The leaves, 2 in a bundle, are twisted, bluish green in color and 1½ to 3 inches in length. Reaches a height of 70-120 feet. Needs wide, open places with room for development.

1- 3 ins. not transp.....	-----	-----	5	-----
6-12 ins. twice transp.....	-----	-----	14	126
12-18 " " ".....	-----	-----	17	153
18-24 " " ".....	-----	-----	20	180

Pinus sylvestris D'Auvergne (Scotch Pine)

Splendid specie of Scotch Pine with twisted, short, stout, dark green needles.

	Each	10	100	1000
1- 3 ins. not transp.....	-----	-----	5	45
3- 6 " " " ".....	-----	-----	7	63

Pinus taeda (Loblolly Pine)

Large growing tree from our Atlantic Coast. Needles 3 in a cluster, 6 to 9 inches long, light green, slender, variable.

6-12 ins. not transp.....	-----	-----	10	-----
12-18 " " " ".....	-----	-----	13	-----
6-12 ins. twice transp.....	-----	-----	14	126
12-18 " " " ".....	-----	-----	17	153
18-24 " " " ".....	-----	-----	20	180
2- 3 ft. " " " ".....	-----	-----	23	-----

Pinus thunbergi (Japanese Black Pine)

Rather slow growing pine from Japan, forming a broad pyramidal head. Needles 2 in a cluster, 3 to 4 inches long, stiff, very dark green. A rugged picturesque individual with real character. Hardy. Good bonsai subject.

3- 6 ins. twice transp.....	-----	-----	11	99
6-12 " " " ".....	-----	-----	14	126
12-18 " " " ".....	-----	-----	17	153
18-24 " " " ".....	-----	-----	20	-----

Plum Yew—See Cephalotaxus

Privet—See Ligustrum

Pseudotsuga douglasi (Dwarf Douglas Fir) (*seu-doh-tseu' gah*)

Splendid bluish green foliage. A dwarf to medium size conifer, dense, dark, picturesque, rugged, heavy branching, with an enormous rapid tapering trunk. Calipers at an early age. Wonderful bonsai subject. Of slow growth compared to other species of pseudotsuga. Superior landscape variety. Hardy.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	8	72
3- 6 " " " ".....	-----	-----	11	99
6- 9 " " " ".....	-----	-----	14	126
6- 9 ins. twice transp.....	-----	-----	16	144
9-12 " " " ".....	-----	-----	19	171

Pseudotsuga douglasi (Green Douglas Fir)

Foliage bright, shiny green. Dense and luxurious. Very large growing conifer.

3- 4 ins. not transp.....	-----	-----	6	54
4- 8 " " " ".....	-----	-----	8	64
12-24 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	12	108

Bulk prices available on 10,000 or more Douglas Fir

DO YOU KNOW?

That without the evergreen lichens, those fabulous soil makers, there might be very few other plants on the earth today.

PYRACANTHAS (FIRETHORNS) (*pir-ah-kan' thah*)

Pyracantha coccinea (Low Boy)

One of the new and very useful broad leaf evergreens. A spreader, fanning out to several feet but only a few in height. Foliage lush, good green, berries in profusion, shiny red, showy. Spectacular ground cover for large banks and terraces. Adds brightness and class to low foundations. Once you start using Low Boy you will probably find it indispensable.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	12	-----
3- 6 " " " ".....	-----	-----	16	144
6-12 " " " ".....	-----	-----	20	-----

***Pyracantha crenulata rogersiana* (Rogers Firethorn)**

A marvelous, upright spreading, irregularly shaped evergreen. Foliage thick, good green. In the spring it is such a mass of tiny white flowers that they appear almost as plumes. In the fall this great shrub is scarcely able to carry its tremendous load of red berries. A striking shrub at any time of year.

	Each	10	100	1000
3- 6 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	16	144
6-12 " " ".....	-----	-----	20	-----
12-24 " " ".....	-----	-----	24	-----
18-24 ins. twice transp.....B&B	1.25	11.30	102	-----
2- 3 ft. " " ".....B&B	1.65	14.90	134	-----
3- 4 ft. " " ".....B&B	2.10	18.90	170	-----

***Pyracantha* (San Jose Firethorn)**

Fine upright irregular growing shrub, good foliage. Berries large orange red in profusion.

6-12 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	20	180
12-18 " " ".....	-----	-----	24	216

***Pyracantha yunnanensis variegata* (Variegated Yunnan Firethorn)**

An unusual firethorn possessing tiny leaves that are beautifully variegated. Hardy evergreen shrub. The foliage turns to charming shades of red and pink during the winter months. Red berries. Rare.

3- 6 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	16	-----
----------------------------	-------	-------	----	-------

Redcedar—See *Juniperus*

***Rhododendron intricatum* (Bluet Rhododendron) (*roh-doh-den' dron*)**

Fascinating elfish evergreen with many slender, irregularly ascending branches and diminutive russet green leaves, russet beneath. An abundance of rhodamine purple flowers in bewitching clusters. Grows into a graceful, irregularly shaped shrub about three feet in height. Hardy. Very unusual. A lovely, dainty, fetching, cheerful pixie which has immediate appeal. Excellent for foundations and planters.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	14	126
3- 6 " " ".....	-----	-----	18	162
6- 9 " " ".....	-----	-----	24	216
9-12 " " ".....	-----	-----	28	-----
12-15 ins. twice transp.....B&B	1.65	14.90	134	-----
15-18 " " ".....B&B	2.10	18.90	170	-----
18-24 " " ".....B&B	2.65	23.90	215	-----

DO YOU KNOW?

That but for the remarkable fact that the molecules of water separate slightly when they freeze there would be no plants on the earth today or, for that matter, any life whatever.

***Rhododendron myrtifolium* (Myrtle Rhododendron)**

The delightful, enchantingly fragrant evergreen foliage well clothes the plant which grows to a height of about three feet. Leaves one to two and a half inches long. Flowers are Tyrian Rose in color formed in a multitude of showy clusters. Splendid shrub for low foundations and planters. Rare. Hardy.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	14	126
3- 6 " " ".....	-----	-----	18	162
3- 6 ins. twice transp.....	-----	-----	20	-----
6- 9 " " ".....	-----	-----	26	-----

***Rhododendron maximum* (Rosebay Rhododendron)**

Large, rapid growing shrub. Leaves often 12 inches long, dark green, lustrous above. Flowers usually rose colored in large clusters. A bold, magnificent evergreen. Fine for naturalistic and woodland plantings. Rhododendrons are always described in superlatives. Among its many fine features is that it is hardy as far north as Quebec. Flowers in June and July. Native from Ontario to Georgia.

12-15 ins. twice transp.....B&B	1.25	11.30	102	-----
15-18 " " ".....B&B	1.65	14.90	134	-----

Rosmarinus officinalis (Rosemary) (*roz-mah-ry' nus*)

An evergreen common on the chalk hills of southern France. Has decidedly aromatic leaves of grayish or dusty appearance and small light blue flowers in late summer. Oil of Rosemary is distilled from the leaves. A fine evergreen, good in dry and rocky soil. Height 4 feet.

	Each	10	100	1000
1- 3 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	11	99
3- 6 " " " ".....	-----	-----	15	135

Rosmarinus officinalis (Rosemary)

A double flowering form.

2 year plants.....	-----	-----	18	-----
--------------------	-------	-------	----	-------

Rosmarinus officinalis prostratus (Prostrate Rosemary)

A beautiful evergreen ground cover for hot dry situations. Grows about 12 inches in height with irregularly arching spreading branches well clothed with deliciously scented, aromatic, sage green foliage. Many light blue flowers. Not completely hardy north.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	11	99
3- 6 " " " ".....	-----	-----	15	135

Santolina chamaecyparissus (Lavender Cotton) (*san-toh-ly' nah*)

Small growing evergreen, 1½ to 2 feet in height with upright branches and silvery gray leaves. Round, yellow, terminal flower heads. Semi hardy. Native of the Mediterranean region.

2 year plants.....	-----	-----	15	135
--------------------	-------	-------	----	-----

Sequoia gigantea (Giant Sequoia) (*se-kwoi'-ah*)

A conifer of majestic bearing. Fine foliage. Rears itself to a great height tapering to a perfect pointed spire with a massive trunk. Rapid grower. A tree which gives dignity to large ample grounds. Has no parallel in its class.

1- 3 ins. not transp.....	-----	-----	8	72
3- 6 " " " ".....	-----	-----	11	99
6-12 " " " ".....	-----	-----	14	126
12-15 " " " ".....	-----	-----	17	153
6-12 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	16	-----

DO YOU KNOW?

That wild English Yews (*Taxus baccata*) are known that have trunk diameters of more than 10 feet.

Sequoia sempervirens (Redwood)

A large-growing conifer, having sprays of flat needled foliage and dark brown bark. Horizontal or down sweeping branches. Especially desirable for large plantings or estates.

1- 3 ins. not transp.....	-----	-----	8	-----
3- 6 " " " ".....	-----	-----	11	-----
6-12 " " " ".....	-----	-----	14	-----

Skimmia japonica (Oriental Skimmia) (*skim' i-ah*)

Densely branched, low growing shrub reaching a height and spread of three feet. Valued for its broad lustrous foliage and brilliant red fruit which is often carried throughout the winter. Desirable for potting and for Christmas uses. Likes partly shaded situations best and is fine for borders.

3- 6 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	15	-----
6- 9 " " " ".....	-----	-----	19	171
9-12 " " " ".....	-----	-----	23	-----

Spruce—See *Picea*

Spurge—See *Pachysandra*

St. Johnswort—See *Hypericum*

TAXUS (YEWS) (taks' us)

Taxus baccata (English Yew)

This is the old favorite of English gardens. Native of Europe and North Africa to the Himalayas. Deep green, rapid growing in good soil, very dense. Will do quite well in poor soil and in dry situations. One of the best of all hedge plants as it will stand any amount of pruning. Thrives in either sun or shade. English Yew has this great advantage in hedges, in common with all the yews: the trees make uniform growth all along the line regardless of sun or shade. Hardy evergreen.

		Each	10	100	1000
15-18 ins. twice transp.....	B&B	1.25	11.30	102	-----
18-24 " " ".....	B&B	1.65	14.90	134	-----
24-30 " " ".....	B&B	2.10	18.90	170	-----
30-36 " " ".....	B&B	2.65	23.90	215	-----
3- 4 ft. " " ".....	B&B	3.35	30.20	272	-----

Taxus baccata aurea (Golden English Yew)

A rare plant and one of the most handsome of all yews. Foliage bright golden. Hardy, slow growing, globe shaped, compact. Seldom reaches a height of more than six or eight feet.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....				13	-----
3- 6 " " ".....				17	153
12-15 ins. twice transp.....	B&B	1.25	11.30	102	-----
15-18 " " ".....	B&B	1.65	14.90	134	-----
18-24 " " ".....	B&B	2.10	18.90	170	-----
24-30 " " ".....	B&B	2.65	23.90	215	-----

Taxus baccata dovastoni (Dovaston Yew)

A nonpareil among the yews having a multitude of small branches with nodding tips which form a spreading, rounded top. A very regular, compact, tidy shrub. Twenty year old plants are two and one half feet high and five feet across. Clothed to the ground in soft green foliage. Hardy. Rare. Dwarf. Make splendid specimens.

3- 6 ins. once transp.....				18	162
6- 9 " " ".....				24	216

Taxus baccata erecta (Broom Yew)

A columnar form of the English Yew of fine, erect form of growth. Compact and full but not quite as narrow as the Irish Yew and having smaller needles. The foliage is dark, rich green and together with the shapely form, sets this tree out in deservedly delightful manner. Very superior for narrow hedges where real quality is desired.

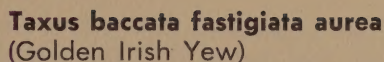
1- 3 ins. once transp.....				13	117
3- 6 " " ".....				17	153
6- 9 " " ".....				21	189
18-24 ins. thrice transp.....	B&B	1.25	11.30	102	-----
24-30 " " ".....	B&B	1.65	14.90	134	-----
30-36 " " ".....	B&B	2.10	18.90	170	-----
3- 4 ft. " " ".....	B&B	2.65	23.90	215	-----
4- 5 " " ".....	B&B	3.35	30.20	272	-----
5- 6 " " ".....	B&B	4.25	38.30	345	-----
6- 7 " " ".....	B&B	5.50	49.50	446	-----

Taxus baccata fastigiata (Irish Yew)

The well known slender growing yew, so frequently used by discriminating architects where choice narrow landscaping effects are sought. When planted against pillars and columns or in similar situations it gives an air of perfect culture and refinement. The tree is shapely in form and the foliage is rich dark green and dense. The name, baccata fastigiata (berry bearing and columnar) is an exact description. The large bright red berries profusely intermingle with the foliage in the fall and enhance the beauty of the tree to a marked degree. Rather slow growing but long lived and substantial. It adds tone and dignity to homes, parks, buildings and other plantings where it is used.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....				13	117
3- 6 " " ".....				17	153
18-24 ins. twice transp. specimens.....			12.60	113	-----
24-30 " " " ".....	B&B	2.10	18.90	170	-----
30-36 " " " ".....	B&B	2.65	23.90	215	-----
3- 4 ft. thrice transp.....	B&B	3.35	30.20	272	-----
4- 5 " " " ".....	B&B	4.25	38.30	-----	-----

Add 25 cents per plant 18-24 if B&B.



Golden form of the well known slender growing Irish Yew so frequently used by discriminating architects where choice, narrow landscaping effects are sought. When planted against pillars and columns or in similar situations it gives an air of perfect culture and refinement. Rather slow growing but long lived and substantial. It adds tone and dignity to homes, parks, public buildings and all other plantings where it is used.

As used.	Each	10	100	1000
1- 3 ins. once transp.	-----		13	117
3- 6 ins. once transp.	-----		17	153
6- 9 ins. once transp.	-----		21	189
3- 6 ins. twice transp.	-----		19	-----
6- 9 ins. twice transp.	-----		23	-----

Intriguing berries on Irish Yew.

15-18 ins. twice transp. specimens.....		9.00	81
18-24 " " " ".....		12.60	113
24-30 " " " ".....	B&B	18.90	170
30-36 " " " ".....	B&B	23.90	215
3- 4 ft. thrice transp.....	B&B	30.20	272
4- 5 " " " ".....	B&B	38.30	

-----B&B-----
Add 25 cents per plant 15-18 and 18-24 if B&B.

Taxus baccata pendula (Weeping English Yew)

Semi dwarf, spreading, compact evergreen with a pendulous habit. Foliage very dark, rich green. Hardy. Rare. Irregularly distinctive.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	14	126
3- 6 " " "	18	162

Broom Yew — a useful column

DO YOU KNOW?

That the yew is the only conifer not containing oils or resins in its wood structure.

Taxus baccata procumbens (Prostrate English Yew)

One of the beautiful low growing types quite rounded and heavily branched. Foliage deep green, very dense. It is a strong, vigorous grower and of far more than ordinary attractive appearance. Because of its commanding form and color it occupies a place in landscaping where low evergreens are desired. Does well in sun or shade. Hardy and rare. Twenty five year old specimens are five feet high and six feet across.

	Each	10	100	1000
1- 3 ins. once transp.....			13	117
3- 6 " " "			17	153
6- 9 " " "			21	

SHERWOOD NURSERY CO., Corbett, Oregon



Taxus baccata repandens (Spreading English Yew)

One of the most desired of all the yews. A very hardy, dark green, thick, spreading variety. It is rather rapid growing and fans out almost horizontally until in a 20 year old plant the height will be two and one half feet and the spread 10 feet. Quite unusual. An evergreen of captivating freshness.

	Each	10	100	1000
3- 6 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	17	153
6- 9 " " "	-----	-----	21	189

Taxus baccata repandens aurea (Gold Spreading English Yew)

Plants 2 feet high are 8 feet across. Foliage thick, bright gold, dazzling. A hardy, resplendent conifer. Novel and rare.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	14	-----
3- 6 " " ".....	18	162
6- 9 " " ".....	24	-----

Taxus cuspidata (Japanese Yew) (Dark Green Vase)

This beautiful yew is a native of the Orient and is hardy, strong and dwarf. It is a spreading tree and in older specimens may reach a spread of 20 feet and height of eight feet. Cuspidata is fine for hedges and can be held to a superb dwarf hedge only 12 to 15 inches tall as it can stand any amount of pruning. It is equally good for medium hedges and is perfectly adapted to small homes. Has deep green foliage. Its long and continued use speaks much for the quality and desirability of the Japanese Yew. One of the most satisfactory of all dwarf evergreens for specimen and foundation use.

3- 6 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	18	162
6- 9 " " ".....	-----	-----	24	216
12-15 ins. twice transp.....	B&B	1.65 14.90	134	-----

Taxus cuspidata—a dwarf light golden globe

Dwarf, light golden globe, name unknown. Twenty five year old plants are exceedingly dense globes three feet in diameter with an attractive light gold color. Very hardy. Scarcely known to the trade.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	14	126
3- 6 " " ".....	18	162
6- 9 " " ".....	24	216

Taxus cuspidata—a dwarf winter golden globe

A unique golden globe, bright gold in the summer changing to a rich, glowing gold during the winter at which time it becomes one of the most resplendent of all plants. Twenty five year old plants are solid four foot globes. Hardy. Splendid dwarf. Name unknown.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	14	126
3- 6 " " "	18	162
6- 9 " " "	24	216

Taxus cuspidata fastigiata aurea (Gold Column Japanese Yew)

A dwarf gem. Of the same exquisite slender form of growth as the Irish Yew but in every way daintier. Has rich golden foliage, is hardy, slow growing and choice. Twenty five year old trees are gold columns 18 inches in diameter and six feet high. Has no superiors of its sort and few if any equals.

1- 3 ins. once transp.	14	126
3- 6 " " "	18	162
6- 9 " " "	24	216
9-12 " " "	30	
6- 9 ins. twice transp.	26	

Taxus cuspidata nana (Dwarf Japanese Yew)

Slow growing, exceptionally hardy dwarf conifer. Foliage heavy, dark green. Branches well clothed, irregular. Twenty year old plants are about three feet high and four feet across. Open growing, picturesque, very useful against foundations, mixed plantings and the like. Well liked and always in demand.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	14	126
3- 6 " " "	-----	-----	18	162

Taxus media hicksi (Hick's Yew)

Columnar in form with upright branches and bright, dark green foliage. Hardier than the Irish Yew and can be grown farther north making a good substitute for that beautiful tree. Rather slow growing eventually reaching a dozen feet or more in height. Very valuable where space and hardiness are factors.

	Each	10	100	1000
15-18 ins. twice transp. specimens.....		9.00	81	-----
18-24 " " " "..... B&B	1.65	14.90	134	-----
24-30 " " " "..... B&B	2.10	18.90	170	-----
30-36 " " " "..... B&B	2.65	23.90	215	-----
3- 4 ft. " " " "..... B&B	3.35	30.20	272	-----

Teucrium chamaedrys (Chamaedrys Germander) (*teu'-kri-um*)

A beautiful evergreen rock plant somewhat resembling heather. It reaches a height of about one foot with a spread of three feet and is a bouquet of rosy blooms in midsummer. Extremely hardy holding its bright, glossy green color in the coldest weather. Has a fragrant foliage and will add beauty wherever low blossoming plants are desired. Drought resistant and takes the place of heather in hot dry sections. For good results shear immediately after blooming.

3- 6 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	15	-----
6- 9 " " " ".....	-----	-----	19	-----

THUJA (ARBORVITAE) (*theu' yah*)

Thuja occidentalis (American Arborvitae)

Native New Brunswick and Manitoba to North Carolina and Illinois. An old standard favorite. Grows into a compact, narrow pyramid to 60 feet in height. Withstands low degrees of temperature. Makes fine low hedges or tall wind breaks. A tree that has always been justly esteemed.

3- 6 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	9	81
6-12 " " " ".....	-----	-----	12	108
12-18 " " " ".....	-----	-----	15	-----

Thuja occidentalis aureo-variegata (Goldspot Arborvitae)

A rapid growing tree very desirable for specimen or mass planting. The foliage is beautifully sprinkled throughout with gold, not too much, but just enough to give the tree an aspect of cheerfulness on the darker days of the year. Possesses delightful freshness and color throughout the seasons. Planted in rows or hedges, either trimmed or untrimmed, it is a most hardy satisfactory tree.

30-36 ins. twice transp. hedge grade.....	B&B	12.20	-----	-----
3- 4 ft. " " " ".....	B&B	1.75	15.80	-----
4- 5 " " " ".....	B&B	2.25	20.30	183
5- 6 " " " ".....	B&B	2.85	25.70	-----

DO YOU KNOW?

That the Grand Canyon as well as some other scenic areas would be mostly devoid of evergreens were it not for the cougar.

Thuja occidentalis pyramidalis (American Pyramidal Arborvitae)

A most desirable arborvitae of narrow columnar growth, dense and compact without pruning. Planted in groups it produces a most impressive alpine effect. In situations where effective hedges requiring but little space are desired, Pyramidal Arborvitae has no counterpart. The hedge becomes a solid wall of green from 4 to 20 feet in height as desired and occupies only two feet in width. For hedges, trees should be planted 18 inches apart. A Pyramidal Arborvitae hedge requires scarcely any care.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	12	108
3- 6 " " " ".....	-----	-----	16	144
6- 9 " " " ".....	-----	-----	20	180
9-12 " " " ".....	-----	-----	24	216
12-18 " " " ".....	-----	-----	28	-----

Thuja occidentalis wareana (Ware Arborvitae)

Sometimes called Siberian Arborvitae, which name it bears well because of its ruggedness and adaptability to cold climes. A tree of close, compact, heavy foliage which holds its deep green color of slightly bluish cast throughout the year. Symmetrical and conical in habit of growth. Not too large, being just out of the dwarf group, shapely, desirable for ornamental plantings.

	Each	10	100	1000
3- 6 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	16	-----

Thuja plicata (Giant Arborvitae)

A native of the northwest quite generally distributed along the Pacific Coast from Oregon northward and to the westward slopes of the Cascade Mts. The trees are thickly limbed well to the ground except in dense woods, the foliage being fresh and attractive at all seasons. It is a rapid grower under favorable conditions and grows into a symmetrical pyramid with little or no pruning. Quite hardy.

6-12 ins. not transp.....	-----	-----	10	90
12-24 " " ".....	-----	-----	13	117
2- 3 ft. " " ".....	-----	-----	16	144

Thujopsis dolabrata (False Arborvitae) (*theu-op'-sisq*)

Sometimes called Elk Horn because of the interesting and peculiar shape of the branchlets. It has heavy, light green foliage of mottled effect. Pyramidal in form. Of oriental origin and regarded as one of the most beautiful of oriental conifers. Since it is different, it gives an added interest and beauty to garden plantings. Hardy into New England.

9-12 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	24	216
12-15 " " ".....	-----	-----	28	-----

Tsuga mertensiana (Mountain Hemlock) (*tseu'-gah*)

This magnificent conifer is native of the Cascade Mts. of western United States and Canada. In its natural habitat it is seldom found below an elevation of 3,000 feet except in the more northern areas. It braves the cold to timber line. In the loftier situations it becomes very slender and alpine in habit of growth and often verges into a pleasing blue. While native to the colder, more rugged areas it thrives at the lower levels. Lovely either in groups or as specimen trees. The hemlocks as a whole are a most beautiful group of evergreens but the Mt. Hemlock may be said to be the handsomest of them all and is often considered to be one of the West's most beautiful alpine conifers.

12-15 ins. twice transp.....	B&B	1.00	9.00	-----	-----
15-18 " " ".....	B&B	1.25	11.30	-----	-----
18-24 " " ".....	B&B	1.65	14.90	-----	-----
24-30 " " ".....	B&B	2.10	18.90	-----	-----



A view of our lining out beds.

Vaccinium ovatum (Evergreen Huckleberry) (*vak-sin' i-um*)

First discovered by the Lewis and Clark expedition at the mouth of the Columbia River in 1805. One of the great beauties of the plant is the thick, waxy leaves of blended shades of green and bronze in spring and summer changing to a mixture of deep crimson and bronze in the fall and winter. Its winter and spring colors utterly defy description. It is a rounded plant, many branched and of unusual density. A strong, vigorous grower standing unlimited shearing. Can be sheared into a hedge from one to five feet tall. At its best in partly shaded exposures. A hardy evergreen shrub of surpassing merit and a fine hedge plant. Berries small but astonishingly abundant. Of finest flavor. Wonderful for jelly, pancakes and pies. A dual purpose evergreen.

		Each	10	100	1000
12-15 ins. twice transp.....	B&B	1.25	11.30	102	-----
15-18 " " " ".....	B&B	1.65	14.90	134	-----
18-24 " " " ".....	B&B	2.10	18.90	170	-----

Vaccinium parvifolium (Red Huckleberry)

A lovely deciduous shrub native of western Oregon. Foliage dainty, bright green turning to dazzling shades of red and bronze in autumn. Does well in either sun or shade. Bark is red and in the spring the new buds give the plant a red sheen. Flowers pink and attractive followed in summer by a great profusion of bright red berries. These, though acid, are edible and used for jelly making. Its habit of growth, fine foliage, bright red buds and twigs, dainty flowers and showy red berries combine to make this shrub a splendid landscape subject. Hardy. Very rare in the nursery trade.

15-18 ins. twice transp. specimens.....		1.00	9.00	81	-----
18-24 " " " ".....		1.40	12.60	113	-----
24-30 " " " ".....	B&B	2.10	18.90	170	-----
30-36 " " " ".....	B&B	2.65	23.90	215	-----
3- 4 ft. " " " ".....	B&B	3.35	30.20	272	-----

Add 25 cents per plant 15-18 and 18-24 if B&B.

VIBURNUMS (*vy-bur'-num*)

Viburnum davidi (David Viburnum)

A dwarf broad leaved evergreen of great beauty, growing to a height of 2 to 3 feet with a spread of 4 to 5 feet. Leaves large, heavy, dark rich green giving this miniature viburnum an extremely luxuriant effect. Clusters of creamy flowers set in massed foliage. Hardy. Rare. A favorite with those who know it.

1- 3 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	14	126
3- 6 " " " ".....	-----	-----	18	162
6- 9 " " " ".....	-----	-----	24	216

Tsuga sieboldi (Siebold Hemlock)

Fine hardy conifer native from Japan. Foliage delicate, dark green. A very worthwhile ornamental evergreen, graceful and attractive. Not only desirable as specimen or in group plantings but also outstandingly good for hedges. Rare.

6-12 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	13	117
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Umbellularia californica (Oregon Myrtle) (*um-bel-eu-lay' ri-ah*)

A handsome, hardy evergreen tree, 25 to 30 feet in height and sometimes reaching 75 feet. Native of southern Oregon and northern California where it reaches its greatest perfection of growth along the streams and valleys of the Coast Range. The tree is conical in form and the leaves are highly aromatic. Well adapted to hedges. Sargent has described the Myrtle as "one of the stateliest and most beautiful inhabitants of North American forests, and no evergreen tree of temperate regions surpasses it in the beauty of its dark, dense crown of lustrous foliage."

3- 6 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	15	-----
6- 9 " " " ".....	-----	-----	19	-----
9-12 " " " ".....	-----	-----	23	-----
12-15 " " " ".....	-----	-----	27	-----
15-18 " " " ".....	-----	-----	31	-----

Viburnum rhytidophyllum (Leatherleaf Viburnum)

Native of China. The leaves are rough, evergreen, large and thick having a pleasing leathery appearance. Flowers white appearing in enormous eight inch clusters followed by a huge load of brilliant red berries. It is indeed a bold, handsome shrub which gives an impression of stability and permanence. Height to 15 feet. Hardy.

	Each	10	100	1000
1- 3 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	10	90

Viburnum tinus lucidum (Shining Laurustinus)

This, like most viburnums, has good foliage. The leaves are evergreen, large and glossy. Strong grower. Large flower clusters in great profusion in late winter. Decidedly a superior variety. Hardy.

3- 6 ins. once transp.....	-----	-----	15	-----
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Vinca major (Bigleaf Periwinkle) (*vin' kah*)

A much heavier, faster growing Vinca than the common variety. Makes a complete ground cover about 18 inches high. Leaves large, dark green. Flowers blue.

1 year plants once transp.....	-----	-----	8	72
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Vinca minor (Common Periwinkle)

Also called Blue, Running or Trailing Myrtle. Hardy, evergreen, trailing herb. Native to Europe. Has blue flowers. Well known in country gardens. Makes a complete and refreshing ground cover and thrives with little or no care. Does well in partial shade.

Rooted divisions.....	-----	-----	5	45
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Wintercreeper—See Euonymus

Wintergreen—See Gaultheria

Yew—See Taxus, Cephalotaxus

SPECIAL LINING OUT COLLECTION OFFERED

We have in our nursery numerous varieties in lining out stock in small lots and odd grades not practical to list separately which we are offering at low prices. These are mostly varieties that are listed in the catalog and are all good stock. Both broadleaved evergreens and conifers. None are labeled for size or name. No order accepted for less than 25 of a grade. We make up the assortment using care to select varieties adapted to the section for which they are designed. The prices are as follows:

	Each	10	100	1000
Once transplanted	\$	\$	\$ 15	\$
Twice transplanted	-----	-----	20	-----
Twice transplanted (Heavy)	-----	-----	30	-----

SPECIAL B&B COLLECTION OFFERED

We also have odds and end in B&B stock that we are offering in collections of 10 plants each. These are all good trees and shrubs. All are properly labelled and of excellent value. No order accepted for less than 10 plants of a grade. We make up the assortment using care to select varieties adapted to the section for which they are designed.

	Each	10	100	1000
Collection No. 1 (10 plants—small grade) ....B&B	\$	\$10.00	\$	\$
Collection No. 2 (10 plants—medium grade) B&B	-----	15.00	-----	-----
Collection No. 3 (10 plants—large grade)B&B	-----	20.00	-----	-----



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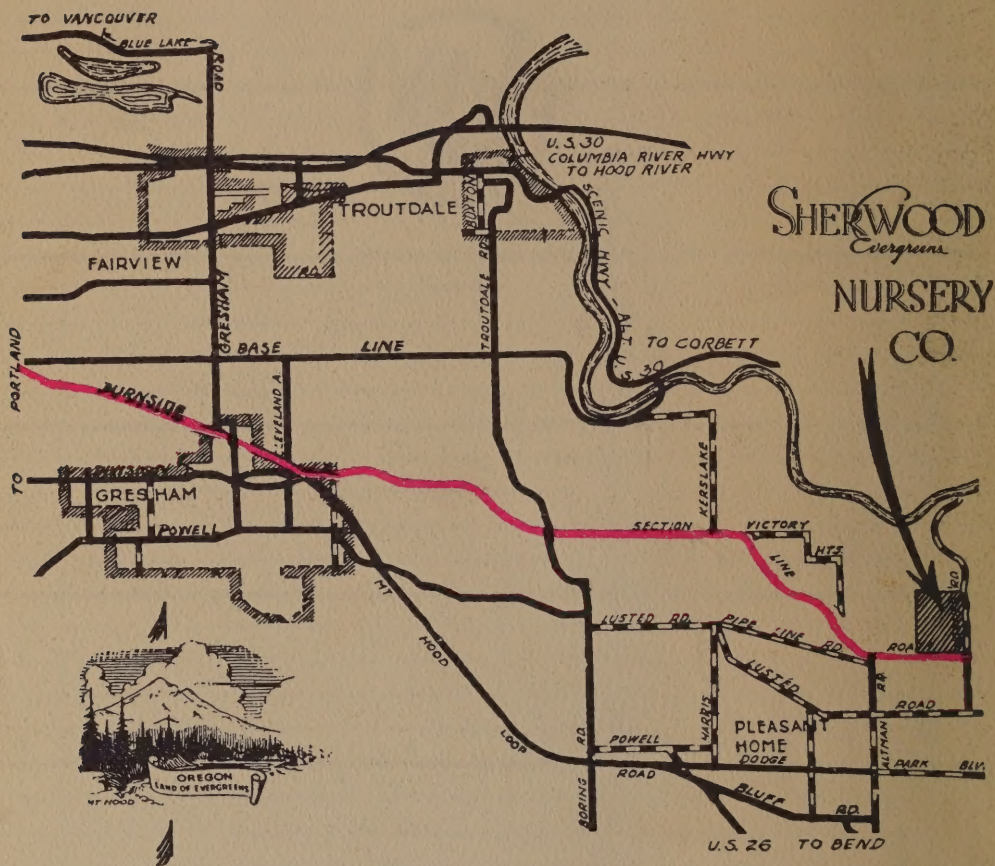
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HOW TO REACH OUR NURSERY



Mailing Address — Corbett, Oregon — Phone Frontier 5-2796
Nursery — Gresham, Oregon